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Gold, Base Bullion, Cyanides, Rich Ore, etc. Bought. Spot cash on assay value. All work by experts.
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WORLD-BEATERS in $20 Suits and Overcoats made to order: style, fit, trimmings and workmanship guaranteed. Call and examine our $20 suits and overcoats, or write for samples, so that you may see that these suits and overcoats are sold elsewhere for $25 and
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AT DEPOSITORS FOUR PER CENT TERM DEPOSITS, THREE per cent ORDINARY DEPOSITS
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Guaranteed Capital.....$410,000
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Freighter and Teamster
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Freight hauled from Martell depot and other points at lowest rates. All parties wanting freight from Martell delivered promptly should have the same addressed in care of Piccardo, and send bills of lading to Peter Piccardo Water St.

Art Piece of China Free
Commencing June 15 and continuing one month, each case of
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Our select semi-procelain ware will continue as usual. No glassware to cheapen the price and menace life.
SEE YOUR GROCER
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SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY

Reported weeklyifor the Ledger.

Pearl-Making in Ceylon.—Quick Relief from Burns.—A New Mountain Climber.—Milk and Cheese from the Garden.—Concrete Land Armor.—Dyed Logs.—Cures With X-Rays.—A Land and Water Automobile.—Tannin for Face Ache.

The irritation which causes the deposition of pearls appears to be variously produced. In a new report on the pearl oyster fisheries of Ceylon, Prof. W. A. Herdman states that some pearls appear to be formed around grains of sand, and some of inferior quality are probably disease calculi, but most and the best pearls are deposited around a parasitic worm. Pearly excrescences on the interior of the shell are due to irritation caused by boring animals. Besides these there are (1) ampullar pearls where the nucleus and resulting pearl lie between the shell and the body; (2) muscle pearls, formed around minute calcareous concretions near the insertions of the muscles; and (3) cyst pearls, formed around encysted parasites. The artificial infection of oysters in Ceylon, which has been proposed, seems unnecessary, as the parasites are likely to find all pearl oysters unaided.

The discovery that picric acid will at once relieve the pain of burns and cause speedy healing was made accidentally by Dr. Thierry, of the Paris Charity Hospital. Use of picric acid as an antiseptic impregnated his hands with the solution, and he noticed one day that a lighted match dropped on his hand caused no pain and a little later that cauterizing the skin by hot wax was unfelt. Experiment then showed that the saturated solution of picric acid prevented blisters and cured the burns completely in four or five days.

An ordinary steam locomotive can draw its own weight up a five per cent grade. The locomotive for the new Puy de Dome road, fitted with the Hanscotte system of adherence wheels pressing against a middle rail, is expected to take three loaded trailers up a 12 per cent rise at 7½ miles per hour.

The culture in France of the soybean, whose products are so important in the dietary of the Chinese and Japanese, is being urged by Chinese in Paris. A puree pressed from the boiled seeds yields both milk and cheese, thinning with water producing a very good substitute for animal milk, and coagulating with a mineral salt fitting the material for cheesemaking. The cheese is usually eaten fresh, though it may be preserved by salting or smoking, first being cooked. Three varieties of the cheese are common in Oriental markets—a fermented kind being white, yellow or gray in color, with a piquant taste like that of Roquefort; while another sort is salty and white, like goat's milk cheese; and the third is smoky and resembles Gruyere. The soy-cheese costs about a fiftieth as much as animal cheese, while the nutritive value of both this and the vegetable milk compares very favorably with the ordinary products from the cow.

Experiments on the dikes and seawalls of Holland have demonstrated the great value of ferro-concrete for giving protection against the inroads of the sea. By the system of State Engineer de Muralt, the metal armoring is secured to wooden piles or laid upon stable earth, and piers and groynes are thrown out vertically from the shore to break up the waves where the action is especially violent. On sand downs the concrete is laid upon straw matting held in place by the wooden piles and metal armoring. The wear of the waves upon the smooth concrete facing is very slight where masonry walls are quickly destroyed, and embankments, sloping beaches and downs are protected at half the cost of any other method.

The new colored wood of a Norwegian firm is produced by forcing the sap from green logs and injecting dyes. The treated wood has increased durability, will not warp, may be polished in the usual manner, and most of the colors are claimed to be as stable as that of mahogany. The material is especially suitable for furniture.

An optimistic view of radiotherapy is taken by the British Dermatological Society, which has decided that Roentgen rays are practically a specific for numerous skin diseases, curing or benefitting acne, lupus, eczema, psoriasis, pruritus, tinea, and others, including even cancer. Of eighty cases of epithelioma involving the skin only, all were cured, with no recurrence. Dr. Justus found no recurrence after two years, and he considers the use of the knife necessary only in certain cases favorable to operation. Vigorous treatment of eighteen cases of carcinoma—or true cancer—effected a cure.

The amphibious automobile of M. Ravaillier, a Parisian engineer, has a boat-hull body with a space for the chains operating the rear wheels, is mounted on axles passing through water-tight tubes, has a screw-propeller and a rudder in addition to the four wheels, and is driven by a twenty horse-power motor. It has the speed-changing, reversing and other features of the ordinary automobile. In water it is operated like any boat, and its motor wheels take it up banks with a slope of not more than fifteen per cent, while a tackle and windlass pull it up steeper inclines.

Neuralgia from unsound teeth is very common at Ischl, Austria, and a local dentist has succeeded in discovering a remedy in tannin, which he applies to the gums as a lotion of two parts of tannic acid in ten parts of rectified spirit. Almost every kind of dental pain is relieved, while loose teeth are made tight and given power for mastication.

The alleged increase in insanity in England and Wales is found by Noel A. Humphreys to be not proven, the apparent increase being explained by the changes in the degree and nature of mental unsoundness for which asylum treatment is thought necessary.

Harsh physics react weaken the bowels, cause chronic constipation. Doan's Regulets operate easily, tone the stomach, cure constipation, 25c. Ask your druggist for them.

About the Hunter License.

A copy of that excellent work, "The Fish and Game Laws of California," together with a letter from Earnest Seahaeffle, deputy fish and game commissioner, has been received at this office, and together they throw light on a subject which the sportsmen of this section have been desirous to know about, in view of the fact that seemingly conflicting statements have been made relative to the hunting license.

It has been the general impression of local hunters that they must take out a license if they went afield with a gun, no matter if they pursued only the common long-legged jackrabbit.

The law is very plain, and if hunters only fire on such wild birds or game as are not protected by law, it is not necessary to take out a license. One may hunt the rabbit, bear or mountain lion, but he must be very careful that he shoots at no protected game unless he carries the necessary tag. Says Section 1 of the hunting license:

"Except as provided in Section 11 hereof, every person in the state of California who hunts, pursues or kills any of the wild birds or animals protected by the laws of this state, without first procuring a license therefor, as provided in this act, is guilty of a misdemeanor."

This makes it very plain to what extremities hunters may go. Anything not protected by law can be shot at any time by anybody without let or hindrance.

Section 2, to which reference is made, states that "The provisions of this act shall not apply to any person who on his own lands hunts, pursues or kills any of the wild birds or animals protected by the laws of this state."

In other words, if you own a ranch or piece of ground, you can shoot deer, doves, quail, grouse, etc., during the open season on your own land, without taking out the license otherwise made necessary.

As has been stated before, it is a misdemeanor, attended by a considerable fine, to run deer with dogs, unless the deer is wounded. The law clears up a number of points which sportsmen in this neighborhood have been worried over. They have felt that it was compulsory for every person who went out with a gun to first take out a license, for instance.

A full knowledge of the law is a good thing for everybody concerned, and now that it has been made plain, hunters will see the justness of the enactment.

Ladies Attention! Send your name, address and size of dress-shields, also name of dry goods store where you trade and receive free sample pair "Canfields" Hicks Brand Gossamer Weight Shields. Adress "Canfield" care of the S. H. and M. Co., 25 South St, San Francisco, Cal.

HOLD UP! and consider
THE FISH BRAND POMMEL SLICKER

LIKE ALL TOWER'S WATERPROOF CLOTHING.
Is made of the best materials in Black or Yellow fully guaranteed and sold by reliable dealers everywhere
STICK TO THE SIGN OF THE FISH
TOWER'S FISH BRAND
TOWER CANADIAN CO. LIMITED TORONTO, CAN. A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. U.S.A.

Lehnhardts' Candy
Is so pure, fresh and delicious that each piece seems to hold some new delight to lure you on to
"Just one more."
Mail us a P, O. or express money order, and we will do the rest.
One pound box 75c.
Two pound box $1.35.
Chocolate or French Mixed.
Put up in heat resisting, moisture proof packages.
Express or postage prepaid.
LEHNHARDT'S
1159 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

Philippine Correspondence

By S. E. DeRackin.

The Philippines Government.

Zamboanga, Moro Province, P. I., Aug. 1, 1907.—Preliminary to any discussion of the kind of government which has been instituted in these Islands, a statement is essential as showing the earning capacity of the people and their ability to bear the burden of its administration.

While the census taken by the insular Government is only approximate, it is safe to say that the native population of the Filipino Islands is some six millions. Based upon the wages paid in the rice, sugar, tobacco and hemp fields, the yearly earnings of this number does not exceed fifteen dollars per capita per year. This is an over rather than an under estimate.

The monetary circulation does not exceed three dollars per capita.

Exports average some six dollars per capita, per annum. Imports practically the same. However, after duties (import and export), have been levied and collected by the government, the total money value to the people is considerably greater than exports, thus showing a yearly encroachment upon the stored-up substance of the Islands.

The executive branch of the government is composed of a governor at a salary of fifteen thousand dollars per annum; a secretary of finance and justice, a secretary of commerce and police, a secretary of education and a secretary of the interior at a salary each of ten thousand dollars per annum.

The legislative department of the government consists of the governor, the four above enumerated secretaries, and three natives, each at a yearly salary of five thousand dollars.

This gives the American governor twenty thousand and the four American secretaries each fifteen thousand dollars per annum.

The judicial department of the government consists of seven supreme court judges at a salary of ten thousand dollars each per annum, and twenty judges of the court of first instance, at salaries from $1,500 to $5,500.

In the various subdivisions are employed some ten thousand officials and assistants, as follows:

Governor's office, - - -	159
Judges, clerks and employes, -	267
Secretary of the interior -	450
Secretary of commerce, police -	6,400
Secretary of finance and justice	1,050
Sercetary of education	1,680
Total	9,986

Twenty-seven bureaus, such as railway supervision, audit, executive, civil service, health, lands, science, agriculture, forestry, weather, constabulary, public works, navigation, posts, coast and geodetic survey, consulting architect; customs, internal revenue, treasury, education survey, prisons, printing, cold storage, heads of which draw average salaries of six thousand dollars per annum, make up the government of the Philippine Islands. In addition to the insular goverment which would correspond to our state governments at home, is the Provincial (or what we know as county governments) and municipal governments.

Without any doubt whatever, the government of the Philippine Islands is much more elaborate in its organization than any state government in America. In fact, I doubt if the oldest and wealthiest state in the world today is better equipped even to the smallest detail of government than are the Philippines with their population but just emerging from barbarism, and whose earning capacity compares in no sense even with that of the southern negro.

I do not wish anything I have said to be construed as an attack upon the government here. While the men who have been in control here have been impracticable in many things, they have been honest and hard working. Had the islands been peopled by a white race, in deepest illiteracy, the government instituted here, I believe, would have proven most effective, because it contemplated making a self-governing nation of these people in one generation. With the mental development and training back of such white race, even though no one of the generation knew one letter from another, or ever heard of or knew the meaning of the word republic, the rising generation could be educated and made self-governing. But with the small mentality and lack of training back of the Filipino people, many, many generations must come and go ere they can be fitted for that self-government which will command the respect and support of those nations with whom they are compelled to live and have their being.

The whole trouble was, we lacked experience, and I believe that if we had the last six years to live over, we would create a government for these Islands as simple in every detail as has been created for the Moro Province, using the tremendous revenues levied and collected here for the purpose of building highways, improving waterways, establishing industrial schools, securing immigration of a desirable class of agriculturalists and locating them in every community as an object lesson to the people, instead of establishing a showy government which, while appealing greatly to the false pride of about 5 per cent of the government, is far above the heads of the 95 per cent.

Government of the Moro Province.

In the year 1903, owing to the peculiar conditions existing in the Moro country, it was decided that a separate government was needed for the Mohammedan Moro. This led to the practical separation of the Moro country from the Christian Filipino country, the former's relations to the latter being somewhat analogus to those of the Philippine Islands to the government of the United States. The organic act of the Philipine commission creating separate government for the Moro country, could not have been simpler or more effective. Fortunately, the first governor of the Moro country was Major General Leonard Wood, a thoroughly practical, able and energetic executive.

After one year's work and study in the Moro country, general Wood decided that the most imperative need of Mindanao was the American settler. In his first annual report, he said:

"What is needed to develop this portion of the world is a suitable class of settlers, bringing with them knowledge of modern agricultural methods, enterprise, and some capital. Such a class of settlers will do much to introduce higher standards of industrial and agricultural capacity, standards which must be established before the native will take steps to change his present methods, which are all that he knows and unless he has before him the example of what can be done in this really remarkable country, it is not believed that his present primitive methods will be materially changed. If he could see the results of better agricultural methods and better industrial methods generally, it is believed that his ambition would be stimulated and that his development would be comparatively rapid. In short, a scattering of good agriculturalists throughout the province would be of inestimable value to the people, individually and as a whole."

Speaking of the progress made in Moroland under general Wood's administration, the Manila Times said:

"General Wood is pursuing a policy not only so broad and liberal, but so progressive, energetic and enlightened, withal that it is attracting a very desirable class of settlers to Mindanao and its tributary islands, who are devoting their lives, the very best that is in them, to the building up and developing of the young country with which they have cast their lot and which they intend to make their own. It seems to be general Wood's platform: "I am an American and I have confidence in the ability and disposition of my countrymen to give me material aid in civilizing and Americanizing this tropical oriental country. I believe in them, I trust their loyalty and patriotism, and I can conceive of no better medium through which to inculcate American ideals and to set up American standards among the Moros than that of sturdy, high-minded young Americans scattered about through the province. I wish to have an American government here, and I need Americans of the right sort to help me make an maintain it. I do not want more American soldiers, but I do want more American settlers."

"If those are not General Wood's sentiments, his line of policy would give the impression that they were, and the result is seen in a public spirit, a unanimity of purpose, a concentration of effort for the welfare of the community, that bespeaks a hale and prosperous future for the islands of which in the past, the most plenteous harvests have been reaped with krisses and kampilans."

The local paper published in Zamboanga had the following to say:

"As regards governor Wood's accomplishments, we point to the fact that he found the Moro country in a state of anarchy, and known far and wide as a good place to stay away from. His first move was to bring order out of chaos, and to make it safe for traders to go any place in the Province. His next move was to secure, through the offer of a small bonus, the organization of a local steamship company as a means of gathering up the produce of the people living along the coast. The inauguration of this service has proven wonderfully successful, and is resulting in a greatly increased output of hemp, copra, almaciga and jungle products. Governor Wood's next move was to secure, through a very reasonable guarantee, the calling of the China Navigation Company's steamers at this port as a means of getting to the best markets the produce gathered up by the boats of the local steamship company. This has not only resulted in much cheaper freight rates, but in much better prices for our products.

"It might be said that we are too vitally interested in the things which governor Wood has accomplished in this Province to make our opinion of his achievements as trustworthy as those of others less concerned. If this be true, then the reverse ought to be true, and we wish to present the testimony of those who had every reason to object to Governor Woods' activity, resulting as it did, in barring the Filipino Islands from participating in the prosperity of the Moro Province."

Then follows several columns of Island press comment dealing with the remarkable progress made in the Moro country as a result of bending every energy to make the people self-supporting rather than self-governing.

Tariff Barriers.

Much has been said about the American people destroying the Philippine markets and refusing the home markets in return. There can be no doubt that the American people have acted consistently throughout in this matter. Had not a demand been made upon the latter to give their markets to the products of these Islands without themselves enjoying the markets here, the matter of equitable trade relations would, long since, have been settled as they were long since settled in the case of Porto Rico. But equity has not been our demand, but rather a one-sided trade arrangement. This is due to the fact that without a high tariff wall, the complicated government which we have built up here would be hopelessly bankrupt in less than six months. If such a government as the primitive people here are reasonably able to support were established, tariff revenues would be unnecessary, and on a reciprocal basis no one doubts that the American people would soon admit our products to the home markets free of duty if we admitted home products to the Philippine markets free of duty.

My next letter will deal with some of the opportunities which offer to young, energetic American agriculturalists in Moroland.

AMERICAN RIGHTS FEW IN JAPAN.

The New York Herald prints the following letter from an American in Japan, who says he is an American and has been in business in Japan for more than twenty years making frequent trips to the United States.

"There are but a few of us out here, and at all times we feel as though our mother country was making a great mistake when dealing with Oriental propositions. One must live with these people to really know them and understand what their thoughts are of the future.

"Now that the San Francisco school question is before us kindly permit me to place before you the position of Americans in Japan. The Japanese demand equal rights. Here is our position in Japan:

"We are here for business, therefore knowing the people, we do as we are told. Otherwise it is wise to leave the country."

"We are not allowed to own real property or to have any mining rights. We can only buy certain securities. We cannot hold Japanese on certain mortgages. When in order to do business, we place certain properties or securities in the name of a Japanese, and the said Japanese absconds, the courts will not even consider his act as a criminal one."

"We are not allowed to attend Japanese schools, old or young."

"We are only permitted to reside in certain sections."

"Such a simple thing as sailing a private pleasure boat is restricted. We cannot leave the treaty port unless with a permit. The Japanese go anywhere desired, but a foreigner cannot enter any port of Japan except the regular open ports of the water front."

"At the theaters the Japanese rate is 60 sen. No foreigner is admitted under 2 yen (200 sen)."

"The hotels are on a similar basis.

"It is a known fact that justice cannot be had except in the higher courts, and every case against a foreigner is carried to the supreme court before justice is given. The Legation at Tokio knows this point only too well."

"In taxes foreigners pay double the rates paid by the Japanese."

"The treaties state positively that foreigners shall not be subject to war taxes or duties. These were levied, just the same, and we did not think it wise to raise any objection, but the facts are as stated."

"The simple fact is that the Japanese do not want foreigners here and are doing everything in their power to drive them from the country. The reason the facts are not generally known is that every foreign resident is watched and it is not policy for him to state such facts for publication."

"A copy of this letter has been sent to Washington. It was endorsed by the majority of the foreign community residing in Japan, not as showing their dislike for the Japanese, but of the one-sided manner in which the Japanese are acting. Foreigners in Japan stand all these 'kicks' when they have the least provocation."

OVERTAXED

Hundreds of Jackson Readers Know What It Means.

The kidneys are overtaxed;
Have too much to do.
They tell about it is many aches and pains—
Backache, sideache, headache,
Early symptoms of kidney ills.
Urinary troubles, diabetes, Bright's disease follow.
A Jackson citizen tells here a certain cure.
Mrs T. J. Seymour, living on Pitt St., Jackson, Cal., says: "My husband suffered much from kidney trouble, the result no doubt of his work. He often came home so lame and stiff that he could not rest. He tried many remedies, did not succeed in finding relief and was ready to give up when Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my attention and I procured a box for him at the City Pharmacy. They helped him almost immediately, he continued their use and at last received a complete cure. I never hear him complain of kidney trouble now, and know Doan's Kidney Pills to be a reliable remedy."
For sale by all dealers. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.
Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Receipt books, location blanks, deeds mortgages, promissory notes, etc., for sale; also mining signals on cloth, graduation diplomas, at the Ledger office.

THE RED FRONT
Jackson's Cheapest Dry Goods Store,

CLOTHING.
Now is the time and here is the place. Never were rush values given, as we are now offering in our line of clothing, in order to make room for winter goods now arriving daily which gives you a chance to buy your clothing at reduced prices and save money. Don't neglect such an opportunity. Now is the time.

Gents' Furnishings.
Our line of furnishing for men is such that will not take a back seat for any one that will be shown in the county. We have all that men use in their line of dress in the best of quality at the lowest prices.

Pants.
A strong line, large assortment of all sizes, good wear guaranteed—a snap.

Dry Goods.
The satisfaction of our customers proves the quality of our goods, and above all the present prices which is really the largest inducement for any body to buy as all goods in the line of dry goods must go at a sacrifice, instead of carrying over to next season.

Ladies' Furnishings.
Our line of Ladies' furnishings, consisting of white underskirts, night gowns, waists, corset covers drawers, etc. which must disposed of on account of lack of room is now sold at the rack bottom price.
Call and be convinced, the goods will tell the tale.

Gents' Shoes.
Working and dress is a line that we place before the public with pride as they are the best for price and quality.

We make your clothing to measure, a good fit and best quality and A1 workmanship guaranteed.

Ladies' Shoes.
For a good and stylish shoe you will be well suited at our place as we have the goods that gives satisfaction.

Travels in Alaska.

FOURTH OF JULY IN ALASKA.

Juneau held the most elaborate celebration ever seen in the north on the 4th and 5th of July this year. Two days were necessary for the whole program. Over three thousand dollars in cash was raised by subscription, and much of the work of preparation was donated. Invitations were sent to all towns in S. E. Alaska, to Bennett and Atlin B. C., and White Horse Y. T., and fare paid for base ball teams and fire companies. Five arches were erected at principal points in the town, and decorated richly and tastefully. Business and private houses generally were trimmed in a manner more or less artistic. During June, many buildings were newly painted, and defective side walks repaired. A dancing floor sixty by one hundred feet was laid in the Union Warehouse. Of course no fireworks were provided, for daylight lasts all night here at this time. A special excursion steamer was run to Skagway on the third of July.

At nine a. m. on the Fourth, the streets were filled, hundreds came from Douglas and Treadwell, three miles distant, cross Gastneaux Channel. About eighty came from Skagway, 100 miles north, and nearly fifty of King Edward's subjects came from White Horse, Yukon Territory, 212 miles distant, to help celberate American Independence of England. Truly time brings wonderful changes.

The procession starting at 9:30, was composed of the mayor, city officials, brass band, 211 school pupils, 320 miners, 22 traveling men, I. O. O. F., another band composed of Indian musicians, floats, caricatures, freaks, etc., and citizens. Appropriate exercises in the Opera house then divided the attention of the crowd with a base ball game at the grounds. The afternoon was mainly taken up by three base ball games, the last being for the championship of S. E. Alaska, and $200 by the teams from Skagway and Juneau. The game was very well played in spite of a drizzling rain, and the score was 6 to 2, in favor of Skagway. Next a broad sword contest by Japanese, created great interest, not so much however, as the rock drilling contest for a prize of $250. The winning team of two miners from the Mexican mine went through the rock 36 inches in 13 minutes and 29 seconds.

The ball at night was of course a grand affair. The orchestra had seven pieces.

The horse races came off on the morning of the 5th. The wet test was the event of greatest interest. Three teams competed, prize $200, distance 500 feet. The fire plug was about midway, where the course made a bend. The Juneau team ran first, they made a fine run, but the thread was not well caught on the coupling at the plug, and when the water was turned on drenching the poor unfortunate, who was trying to make the connections and throwing Juneau out of the race. Next came the Douglas team. They made connection at the plug all right, but the nozzle was not in place when the water reached it, and although one man doubled the hose and sat upon it, the attempt was a fizzle as bad as the Juneau team. The Treadwell team won the $200, but had made an outside bet of $300 that they would make the run in three minutes or less, and they failed by ten seconds. But it was all vastly interesting to the spectators.

Foot races and athletic contests then diverted the crowd for awhile, then came the Indian canoe race. Three canoes were entered from Sitka, Douglas and Juneau. Each canoe was manned by seventeen Indians, sixteen to paddle and one to steer. Everybody was watching this race, the several hundred Indian spectators going frantic with excitement when two canoes at the finish were fairly abreast, the mighty sinewed natives making the canoes jump almost out of the water at every stroke of the paddles, and the Douglas boat crossed the line barely six feet ahead the Sitka, winning the race and $75.

The last of the program was a motor-boat regatta. Fifteen crafts were entered from the size of an ordinary rowboat to a 12 ton launch. The committee had tested the speed of each, and ordered time handicaps according to their best judgment. The first boat started over the 12 mile course, 42 minutes before the last one darted from the line. No 13, with a 38 minute handicap, took first prize, and No 15 second prize, while all were back in less than five minutes more.

Although several showers occurred each day, they had no effect in dampening the spirits of the crowd, and the whole affair passed off without grumbling or disturbance worth mentioning. C. H. G.

Land and Mineral Decisions.

Coal Lands—On the failure of a coal claimant to perfect title within the statutory period, the work done by him inures to the benefit of a valid adverse claim then asserted for the land involved.

Contest—A contest will not be reinstated on the ground that notice of decision was not received, where the failure to receive such notice is due to the contestant,s negligence.

Entry—An entry is not invalid because allowed outside of office hours.

Final Proof.—Submission of final proof, at a particular time, in order to leave the land, not necessarily inconsistent with good faith.

Homestead Disqualification — The disqualification under the homestead law arising from the ownership of more than 160 acres is determined by the statutory provisions existing at date of entry, and not at final proof.

Mineral Land. — Land containing sandstone of superior quality for building and ornamental purposes and valuable only as a stone quarry is classed as mineral.

Residence.—To establish residence there must be, concurrent with the act of settlement, an intent to make the land a home to the exclusion of one elsewhere.

THE AMADOR LEDGER

Published Fridays by

R. WEBB - - - - Editor and Manager

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

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ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT JACKSON AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER.

THIS PAPER is kept on file at E. C. DAKE'S Advertising Agency, 124 Sansome St, San Francisco, California, where contracts for advertising can be made for it

CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

FRIDAY AUGUST 23, 1907

A Hair Dressing

Nearly every one likes a fine hair dressing. Something to make the hair more manageable; to keep it from being too rough, or from splitting at the ends. Something, too, that will feed the hair at the same time, a regular hair-food. Well-fed hair will be strong, and will remain where it belongs—on the head, not on the comb!

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

The City Tax Levy.

The city trustees at their last meeting levied a tax of 70 cents on each $100, for the support of the city government for the ensuing year. The Ledger in an article when the question of incorporation was pending, stated that the people would find that the tax rate would reach pretty much the limit of 75 cents every year. That statement was disputed by those whose personal interests were involved. It was urged that the city government could be carried on without any increased tax upon the property holders. In other words that the road tax levied by the county managers and which would not apply to those within the city limits, would be sufficient to sustain the city government, as far as a direct property tax was concerned. The experience of the first year has revealed the fallacy of such position. This year the taxes will be at least 30 cents over and above what those outside the city limits will be called upon to contribute. This is merely a begining. While 75 cents is the limit for ordinary runing expenses, it is by no means the absolute limit. It can be swelled by special taxes in various ways. In the levy this week appears an item of 10 cents for library. This is an extra tax, outside of the 75 cent limit. It is intended as a starter for a town library. The magnet that has drawn out this tax is the standing offer of Andrew Carnegie of a $10,000 gift for a library. This is made under certain stringent conditions, which would be found inapplicable to a community like this. If we had an exclusively English-speaking and reading people, a library would be the right thing; but we haven't. We are a long way from it. It is useless to disguise the fact, or try to mislead any one as to the conditions existing here. This ten cents will raise between $500 and $600,—a mere bagatelle in starting a library. It will have to be kept up for many years before even a start can be made in the actual library work or building.

We are simply starting at the wrong end. There are many things infinitely more pressing than a library. That partakes more of the ornamental than the usatul, as matters now stand. The most urgent need is a main sewer and dumping place, so that the sewerage may be carried beyond the city limits, instead of as now being dumped right under the noses of the people in the very heart of the city. This condition is getting intolerable, and is becoming more aggravated as connections with the various sewer pipes scattered over the town are being multiplied.

Didn't Know It Was Loaded.

The publication of the article alleged to have been signed by each member of the board of equalization, in the Dispatch of two weeks ago, and which was republished verbatim in the Ledger last week, with the reply of the editor appended thereto, has developed a peculiar state of affairs. The writer of that classic missive evidently thought he was doing a wondrous piece of work—by making a double attack from a covert position. No one believed that either one of the officials whose names appeared to the article, or all combined, actually compiled it. It was written for them, and bore the unmistakable earmarks of the author. It was deemed a good stroke of policy to abuse the editor of the Ledger, who is willing to acknowledge that he wrote every line of the article that started this controversy. But the court house clique sadly miscalculated things. They were aware that the editor was not present in the supervisors' room when the altercation between the members of the board and W. J. McGee occurred, and hence that a one sided presentation of what occurred might pass muster, as the Ledger man would not known the difference. They did not know that the article denounced was "loaded." That behind the few lines mildly stating what transpired in the editor's absence, the Ledger was well-entrenched, and in possession of documentary evidence to back up its position.

W. J. McGee upon whom the officials cast a serious reflection, returned home this week, and lost no time in looking into this matter. The whole court house crowd thereupon changed its song.

They joined in the chorus, "Let it drop; it was not intended for McGee; it was Webb the article was after; they regretted that it had been published at all, it was a mistake," and all that sort of palaver. The real truth is there was nothing in the article referred to calculated to stir up the ire of the officials; but other articles published by the Ledger recently were heavily freighted with grave charges against their official acts, and they seized the flimsy pretext of the statements in the report of the proceedings of the board of equalization as a basis for the attack under a five-decked, full-board signature. We also understand that the matter of vindication was discussed, as to what form it should take, finally dropping down to the undignified screed that bears their names. Whether all actually signed it is a matter for discussion, but that is none of our business.

Now the fact of the matter is the Ledger statement was correct in all its material features. There was something said about the time limit; it was brought up that it was too late to present other applications for reduction. At the same time a proposition was made that two applications in reserve would not be presented if the board would grant concessions in certain cases already before them. It was not made in any improper way, but simply as a matter of mutual agreement, and there was no resentment on the part of the members to the proposition as an improper one. It was nothing more than an acknowledgment on the part of the attorney that certain cases were the most meritorious in the request for reduction, and if these were given reasonable consideration, the others would not be pressed. There was nothing in the facts to warrant the officials in the effort of trying to pose before the public as martyrs to official rectitude. It was a far-fetched idea, wrongly conceived and wretchedly carried—or rather—miscarried out.

IONE ITEMS.

From the Echo.

Joe Kidd was quite seriously hurt on Wednesday afternoon. He had just got his wagon loaded with baled hay and was tightening his binding rope with a crowbar, when the rope broke. This released the crowbar with a sudden vim and the end of the bar struck Joe over the left eye, cutting a gash about an inch long. The force of the blow from the iron bar knocked him from the load and he fell to the ground, a distance of several feet, striking on the back of his head. Dr. Jackson was at once called and found Joe suffering from concussion of the brain as well as the blow from the bar. The patient vomited blood and was more or less irrational. Dr Jackson reports the injured man getting along as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

Some days ago little Margaret Joyce partly swallowed a brass beauty pin, it lodging in the larynx, a fact revealed by the use of the X-ray. She was taken to Lane's hospital by her parents, F. B. Joyce and wife, and the pin was located and removed. All the friends of the family rejoice with them in the saving of the little one.

Miss Elsie Martin has resigned her position as assistant to her father in the Ione & Eastern office and will attend the High School the coming year. Mrs Martin will be her husband's assistant in the I. & E. office.

Arthur Prouty has accepted the position of warehouseman for the Ione & Eastern railroad at this end of the road.

Work is progressing rapidly at the pottery plant and it will not be long before a start is made toward making fire brick.

Ledger and Chicago Weekly Inter Ocean, both papers for one year, $2.50 in advance.

Hotel Arrivals.

National.—Friday—W H Violett, Ione; H Morris, Wm Weaver, S F Dickes, San Francisco.

Saturday—A Matthews, C Bomuth, C Hudge, San Francisco.

Sunday W L Clark, Benecia; H G Murray, San Francisco.

Monday—M Greenberg, W A Gates, San Francisco; J L Callison wife and children, Oakland; H L Fryer, Electra, E R Santirlo, Godfield, Nev.; F W Griesback, Manhattan.

Tuesday—F. P. Curti, San Francisco.

Wednesday—J J McDonald, Sacramento; J F Huffman, W J Shirley, Stockton.

Thursday—Jack Donnelly, Sacramento; D Goldbaum, N E Pearson, San Francisco; C H Gibbons, Alaska.

Globe.—Friday—B Hess, J Tropivich, James Maddern, San Francisco.

Saturday.—G Chisolm, Sutter Creek, J Gooding, Earnest Gooding, Mr Lee. E Leonard, San Andreas; J Matson, West Point.

Sunday—L A Bagley, G H Harris, R M Miller, B A Miller, A Schoendorf, A C Miner, D Stewart, R C Downey, Ed Burris, Eugene Miner, E Gooding, R Heffren, Ione.

Monday—Mr Hanley, New York Ranch; M Hammer, Sacramento; C H Hacker, San Francisco; Mrs Bird, Electra; Mr Colt, Sutter Creek.

Tuesday—A A Davis, Ione.

Wednesay—Ray Hawyood, Defender; Mr Ball, Latrobe; E M Anderson, Sacramento; Geo Goodell, Ione.

Thursady—J L Cassels, Wm McGee, Sutter Creek; R L Love, Oakland.

There will be regular services at the Methodist church next Sunday, at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. All are welcome, seats free.

"Suffered day and night the torment of itching piles. Nothing helped me until I used Doan's Ointment. It cured me permanently."—Hon. John R. Garrett, Mayor, Girard, Ala.

Sacramento county is to have an election shortly to decide the question of incurring a bonded indebtedness of $1,425,00 for building a jail, bridges, roads, etc.

ROMANCE OF THE NEVADA DESERT.

One of the prettiest weddings ever witnessed in Goldfield was that which took place in the little church around the corner yesterday morning, the contracting parties being D. I. Holland and Miss Gwendoline Williams. Behind the wedding lies a romance of the desert wastes where love making is rapid as the making of fortunes.

When Miss Williams left her home in Jackson, Amador county, California, she little imagined that she was to find her fate in the sagebrush country, where the lure of the gold has attracted all classes, and the fascination of the desert has held them. It was not the lure of gold that attracted this beautiful California girl, with her lustrous brown eyes, her perfect oval face, and graceful figure to what seemed to be uncongenial surroundings. She came here as the campanion of a young woman friend, whose health required the stimulus of high altitude.

The ladies secured a cottage, and for two days lived the lives of recluses. But love, which finds the way over garden walls and breaks down the will of stern guardians, was not to be denied There are no garden walls in Goldfield, and there were no stern guardians in this case There are, however, in Goldfield, cool verandas and hammocks, where pretty girls repose in the waning afternoons and glorious evenings. There is one veranda, one hammock and one pretty girl which Mr Holland will never forget.

Riding along Highgraders Heights on his coal black charger, Mr Holland first saw the combination. Two of the units were speedly forgotten, the pretty face held him entranced. It was all the work of a moment, for the next, the horse had shied, and the rider lay huddled at the gate of fate. The beautiful girl, shying conventionalities to the winds, was at the side of the dismounted horseman in a second, and prettily aided him to his feet.

It was a case of love at first sight and the rest was simple for these young hearts, beating in unison. Mr Holland was not hurt, but his heart was gone forever. He lingered perhaps a little longer than he should, but time had no meaning for him, and it was strange how long the chagrined horse with hanging head stood at the gate before his presence was noted by either.

This was a week ago. Mr Holland is the owner of cattle and lands, and stock and mines. The cattle did not need his attention and the mines were grinding out ore independent of his presence. He is one of the rich nomads of the desert, and he proved to be as ardent a wooer as he is a money maker. The day was speedily fixed, and yesterday, the 6th of August, was the date.

It was a quiet wedding, as it had been a quiet, yet tumultuous courtship. The church was made prettier by the acquisition of roses and carnations and ferns brought in from California. There were few invited guests, and the words were soon spoken which culminated the romance of a week, and the mine owner and the charming Californienne were one. Had a hint been given of the ceremony, the church would have been crowded for there is no better known, nor more popular man in southern Nevada than the groom. Before the secret had leaked out, Mr and Mrs Holland had departed on their honeymoon, and their bower of love at the present is another of those mysteries of the desert, which time, in its own sweet way, will unfold. But all Goldfield is showering congratulations on the lucky man, for the fleeting glimpses that were had of the bride were sufficient to prove that fortune had been more kind to him than ever.

Report of Library Trustees.

To the Honorable Board of Trustees of the City of Jackson, county of Amador, State of California.

We, the undersigned, Library Trustees of the Jackson Public Library, hereby render to your honorable board our annual report as required by law.

We were appointed as the first Board of Trustees of the Jackson Public Library at the regular meeting held on the second day of May, 1907; thereafter on the 26th day of July, 1907, we held our first meeting and organized by electing A. Ginocchio as president and R. C. Bole as secretary, and selecting the last Monday of each month, at 8 o'clock p. m., at office of Robert C. Bole as the time and place of holding the regular meetings of said Library Trustees; that as required by law we classified ourselves by lot, so that one of our number, C. L. Culbert, will go out of office at the end of the current fiscal year, to wit, June 30, 1908; two of our number, Mrs Alice L. Jones and Miss Margaret Deven will go out of office in two years; and two, A. Ginocchio and R. C. Bole, will go out of office in three years.

That owing to lack of funds we have taken no steps to acquire a library, or to purchase or rent a library building, having merely perfected our organization, and hereby declare our willingness to administer the affairs of the institution and hereafter to expend such funds as may be received from taxation or donation to the best interests of the library.

Respectfully submitted,
A. Ginocchio,
President.
Robert C. Bole,
Secretary.
Margaret Devan,
Alice L. Jones,
C. L. Culbert,
Library Trustees.

Dated, July 26, 1907.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten-fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonals free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

There is some talk of a movement for the disincorporation of Jackson. The taxpayers are seriously asking the question, "Where are the benefits that were to flow from self-government?" It is admitted that a wisely governed city, having a compact territory, would be preferable to the old system. But have we had such a government in the eighteen months' of experience as a city? Are we likely to have an improvement in the years that are before us, if the incorporation is continued? Not a solitary promise of better things has been fulfilled. This is how the people are viewing the situation. The things that we need the most are shelved, and things we do not want at all, and that would hang like a millstone around the property holders, are being put to the front. But a city government is hard to shake off. It requires a petition signed by a majority of the qualified electors to get the question submitted to the ballot box, and it requires a two-third vote of all the votes cast to carry disincorporation.

New process—plansifter flour. If in the past you have had trouble with any or all kinds of flour, try Peerless; we ask you to try again, and guarantee satisfaction. Amador County Roller Flour Mills. Aug. 23-1 m.

A healthy man is a king in his own right; an unhealthy man is an unhappy slave. Burdock Blood Bitters builds up sound health—keeps you well.

Special Small Ads.

Advertisements under this head, not exceeding 5 lines, will be inserted at 50c per month, or 5 cents per line for less than one month.

ALL kinds of Blanks for U. S. Land Filings—Homestead, Timber and Mineral blanks—may be had at the Ledger office: also deeds mortgages, mining locations, proof of labor and other legal blanks kept for sale.

Mining Signals on cloth, required to be posted in all mines, for sale at the Ledger office.

FOR SALE.—NEW YORK RANCH—Situated about five miles east of Jackson on the Jackson and Volcano road; contains about 285 acres of land; about 100 acres of improved land; 10 acres of good garden land with free water; has a small orchard, also a vineyard. The land is especially adapted to grape growing. There is a large dwelling house on the premises; a hall for dancing and other amusements; barns, feed yard and sheds, blacksmith shop and other improvements. For full particulars apply to Wm. G. Snyder, Jackson, Amador Co., California.

FOR SALE.—The old Murphy ranch near Butte City, two miles from Jackson, also mountain range, together with stock, is offered for sale or rent, either as a whole or separately. For particulars apply to C. L. Culbert, Amador County Bank.

For Sale—Cheap, 7 room house in Drytown. In good repair; electric lights, etc. For terms and particulars address Mrs Sara A. Weymouth, Drytown, Amador Co., Cal. Aug 22-1m

For Rent—Two front rooms in the Webb hall building, suitable for offices. Apply at Ledger office.

For Sale—Lot of benches, formerly used in Webb hall; 6 and 8 feet long; suitable for show place, churches, etc. Will be sold cheap; apply at Ledger office.

For Sale.—House and Lot of C. A. Herrick on Broadway for sale. Apply on the premises.

Acknowledgment blanks for notaries, specially printed for Amador county, may be had at the Ledger office. Price 50c per packet of 50.

Copies of the license ordinance of the City of Jackson in pamphlet form may be had at the Ledger office; price 15c. each

FOR SALE.—A house and lot in Jackson; also ranch, about 40 acres one mile east of Jackson. Apply to M. Newman.

Furnished Rooms to let: inquire at Ledger office.

FOR SALE.—2 houses and 3 lots near Freemont and Bunker Hill mine, plenty choice fruits and garden spot. A good bargain for some family or business people. Also a mountain timber ranch of 120 acres near Piccardo and Mace place. Well covered with large timbers and other mining materials; terms reasonable or will rent the above place. Apply to L. Galli, New York Ranch.

jy 12—1 m

Accidents will happen, but the best-regulated families keep Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for such emergencies. It subdues the pain and heals the hurts.

Ledger & Chicago Inter-Ocean, $2.50.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Delinquent Sale Notice

South Eureka Mining Company.—Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California. Location of Works, Sutter Creek, Amador county, California.

Notice:—There are delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of Assessment (Number 54) levied on the 1st day of July, 1907, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows:

Names.	No. Cert.	No. Shares	Amt.
Boro, C. G.	863	1,000	$30.00
Clough, Hilda	1206	500	15.00
Davidson, C. S.	1257	2,000	60.00
Flemming, Wm.	783	1,000	30.00
Flemming, Wm.	806	1,000	30.00
Faxon, Elizabeth	315	200	6.00
Grand View Land & ImprovementCo.	1121	1,000	30.00
Grand View Land& ImprovementCo.	1122	1,000	30.00
HarringtonMarianP	313	200	6.00
Keller, J. E.	142	1,000	30.00
Monaco, James	984	250	7.50
Rennebome, R. H, Trustee	1135	500	15.00
Rennebome, R. H, Trustee	1136	500	15.00
Sheldon, L. C., Trustee	1267	2,234	67.02
Taylor, Augusta	1133	500	15.00
Taylor, Wm. H.	643	500	15.00
Taylor Estate Co.	876	2,000	60.00
Turner, W. G.	1036	500	15.00
Vicini, G. B.	759	500	15.00
Vicini, G. B.	859	500	15.00
Vicini, G. B.	874	1,000	30.00
Wagner, Chas. W.		82	2.46

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Directors, made on the 1st day of July, 1907, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the office of said Company, being Room Number 824 in the building situate on the southerly side of California street between Montgomery and Sansome streets, and designated as Merchants Exchange Building, San Francisco, California, on MONDAY, the 2nd day of September, 1907, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon of such day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.

L. W. PRYOR,
Secretary of South Eureka Mining Company.

Office of said Company, Room 824 Merchants Exchange Building, San Francisco, California. Aug. 15-3t.

POSTPONEMENT OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the South Eureka Mining Company on the 14th day of August, 1907, the date of sale of all stock of said Company upon which assessment (No. 54), levied by said Board on the 1st day of July, 1907, is delinquent, is hereby extended and postponed from the hour of eleven o'clock a. m. on Monday the 2nd day of September, 1907, to the hour of eleven o'clock a. m. on Wednesday the 11th day of September, 1907.

By the order of the Board of Directors.

L. W. PRYOR, Secretary.

The Evening Bulletin

Of San Francisco,

NOW only 25c a Month if you mention this paper

ORDER NOW.

L. OETTINGER S. N. KNIGHT
KNIGHT & CO.

Foundry AND Machine Shop

Sutter Creek, Cal.

BUILDERS OF WATER WHEELS OF latest and most approved patterns, and all kinds of sheet iron pipe. Every description of mining and milling machinery made at the shortest notice. We desire to call the attention of blacksmiths and other workers in iron to the fact that we keep constantly on hand a large and complete stock of bar, refined and Norway iron, gas pipe, gas fittings, etc., which we will sell at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

CALIFORNIA STATE FAIR

AND INTERSTATE EXPOSITION,

SACRAMENTO, SEPTEMBER 2 TO 14, 1907.

The Fair and National Irrigation Congress open the same day.
Thousands of dollars to be expended for entertainment and display.
Every department of the Fair exhibits crowded and complete.
Parades, music illuminations, and a carnival of amusements such as the Capital City has never before attempted,
Send your address and we will send you particulars.

J. A. FILCHER, Secretary.



THE BUTLER

will first see that your sideboard is stocked with the favorite

Jesse Moore Whiskey

GUESTS PREFER IT

The United States Government endorses it as absolutely pure and strictly as required by the Pure Food and Drugs Act. It's the same blended Kentucky Whiskey before the public the last 54 years.

E. MARRE & BRO., Agents, JACKSON.

BORN.

GOODMAN.—In Sutter Creek, August 17, 1907, to the wife of Dr. P. S. Goodman, a daughter.

ONETO.—In Middle Fork district, August 22, 1907, to the wife of John Oneto, a daugther.

MARRIED.

CHAMBERS-STEWART.—In San Rafael, August 15, 1907, Dr. Wilfred B. Chambers of San Francisco, to Miss Lenore Stewart of Sutter Creek.

HORR-RUSSELL.—At the residence of the bride's parents, Buena Vista, August 22, 1907, by Rev. F. P. Flegal, Benjamin S. Horr to Miss Eva A. Russell, both of Buena Vista.

HOLLAND-WILLIAMS.—In Goldfield, Nev., August 6, 1907, D. I. Holland of Goldfield, to Miss Gwendoline Williams, formerly of Jackson.

DIED.

SOROCCO.—In Sutter Creek, August 16, 1907, Peter John Sorocco, a native of California, aged 34 years.

ROCCO.—In Jackson, August 19, 1907, Caroline Rocco, a native of Italy, aged 85 years.

WILLIAMS.—In Ione, August 21, 1907, Rev. James Williams, a native of Ohio, aged 62 years.

Hotel West
San Francisco

A centrally located modern hotel of 150 rooms. Rates 25 cents to $1.50 per day; $3.50 to $7.00 per week.

156 Third St.
Below Mission

Ordinance No. 35

An Ordinance Fixing the Levy or Rate of Taxes of the City of Jackson for the Years 1907 and 1908.

The Board of Trustees of the city of Jackson do ordain as follows:

Section 1. The rate of taxation for the years 1907 and 1908, in and for the city of Jackson, shall be and is hereby fixed as follows:

For general fund, 55 cents on each $100 taxable for City purposes;

For Library fund, 10 cents on each $100 taxable for City purposes;

For Bridge fund, 5 cents on each $100 taxable for City purposes;

The aggregate of which sum, to wit: 70 cents on each $100 in value, as determined by the equalized assessment roll for the year 1907, on all property taxable for city purposes in said city is hereby levied and appropriated to, and shall be paid into the above named funds respectively of said city.

Section 2. This ordinance shall be in effect from and after its passage and publication.

Introduced, August 16, 1907.

Adopted and approved, August 22, 1907, by the following vote:

Ayes: Penry, Leam and Garbarini.

Noes: None. Absent: Kirkwood and Tam.

V. S. GARBARINI,
President of the Board of Trustees of the city of Jackson.

(Seal) L. J. GLAVINOVICH,
Attest: City Clerk.

Published in the Amador Ledger for one week, viz: August 23, 1907.

St. Joseph's Academy,

G St. bet. 8th and 9th, Sacramento, Cal.

Boarding and Day School for Girls.

Courses: Academic, Literary, Business and Special. Primary and Grammar Schools in connection with the Academy.

Instrumental Music a specialty. Extensive grounds, furnished with tennis court and croquet, etc., etc. For terms apply to

aul m Sisters of Mercy.

CERTIFICATE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

State of California, } ss.
County of Amador. }

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that we are partners transacting business in this State at the city of Jackson, in the county of Amador, under the firm name and style of Eudey Bros.;—That we have organized and formed ourselves into a Co-partnership for the purpose of carrying and conducting the business of "Butchering generally," and in buying and selling stock for said business.

That the names in full of all the members of such Copartnership are Alexander Eudey and John Eudey.

That the places of our respective residences are set opposite our respective names hereto subscribed.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands this 2nd day of July, A. D., 1907.

ALEXANDER EUDEY,
Residence, Jackson, Amador co., Cal.
JOHN EUDEY,
Residence, Jackson, Amador co., Cal.

State of California, } ss.
County of Amador. }

On this 2nd day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seven, before me, D. B. Spagnoli, a Notary Public in and for said county of Amador, state of California, personally appeared Alexander Eudey and John Eudey, personally known to me to be the persons whose names are subscribed to the within instrument, and acknowledged that they executed the same. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal in the said county the day and year in this certificate first above written.

D. B. SPAGNOLI,
Notary Public in and for said Amador county, state of California.

(Seal)

Endorsed: Filed July 19, 1907.
J. R. HUBERTY,
jy19 County Clerk.

RAMSEY
Mining District

Extension of the Famous Comstock Lode.

Keep Posted.
Subscribe for the
RAMSEY RECORDER.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

In the United States District Court for the Northern District of California.

In the Matter of J. McCutchen, Involuntary Bankrupt. No. 5429.

To the creditors of J. McCutchen of Jackson, California, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of July, 1907, the said J. McCutchen was duly adjudged bankrupt, and that the first meeting of the creditors will be held at Room 505, Bryte Building, Seventh and J Streets, Sacramento, California, on the 7th day of September, 1907, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankruot, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

Dated, August 20, 1907.

CHAS. A. BLISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKING.

Do You Do Any?

If Not, Why Not?

Did it ever occur to you that a bank account even though it may be a small one, is the safest means of doing business? Your checks are the first receipts for all bills paid and your funds will be neither lost or stolen from our vaults,

It only requires a minimum balance of $5.00 with us, and we will obligate ourselves to keep your finances straight and furnish you with the necessary check books and deposit books free of charge.

If you are not accustomed to banking, just call and talk it over with us.

BANK OF AMADOR COUNTY.

UP-TO-DATE BUSINESS MEN.

GINOCCHIO BRO'S.

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise

Groceries, Furnishing Goods, Shoes, Boots, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Mining Supplies, Lumber, Hardware, Hay, Grain, etc., etc.

Corner Main and Water St.

JACKSON - - - CALIFORNIA

McCALL Bazaar Patterns

L. J. Glavinovich

LEADING GROCERY STORE

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS,
FURNISHING GOODS, BOOTS,
SHOES, TOILET ARTICLES,
HARDWARE, MINERS' SUPPLIES, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.

Cor. Main & Court Streets

JACKSON, - - CAL.

McCALL Bazaar Patterns

FINE ASSORTMENT OF TEA AND COFFEE

CENTRAL GROCERY HOUSE

C. E. Olver & Wm. J. Nettle, jr., Proprietors.

FULL LINE OF—

Fresh Groceries, Fruits, Vegetables.
Fresh Fish every Thursday and Friday.

North Main Street Jackson, Cal.

NOTICE

The German Savings and Loan Society

begs to inform depositers that it has resumed business at its old headquarters

NO. 526 CALIFORNIA ST., SAN FRANCISCO,

and is now receiving Deposits and making Payments as heretofore.

THE DIVIDEND TO DEPOSITORS

for the six months ending June 30th, 1906, was at the rate of 3.60 per cent per annum.

SIERRA HOSPITAL & SANITARIUM

Near MARTELL STATION, Cal.

Delightful climate, pleasantly situated, and easy of access. Open for the treatment of all surgical and medical cases, except contagious and mental diseases. Fully equipped with all modern appliances, including X-Ray Outfit, Hot-Air Baths, etc.

Any reputable physician is at liberty to bring cases to the institution, under his own exclusive treatment and supervision.

Trained nurses in attendance. Terms reasonable.

BOARD OF MANAGERS:

P. S. GOODMAN, M. D. Sutter Creek. L. E. PHILLIPS, M. D. Jackson.

ap19

We offer Conservative Investments in Non-Taxable

Municipal, Railroad & Corporation

BONDS

Netting an income of from 3½ per cent to 6 per cent.

Correspondence invited. E. H. ROLLINS & SONS.

fe15 Kohl Building, San Francisco.

TIRED, BURNING FEET

Most people have them this month, especially after an outing and a long tramp.
Get some of
RUHSER'S FOOT POWDER
It works like a charm and makes your feet feel cool, light and easy. Next time use it freely before you go for a walk.
25c per Box at
RUSHER'S
CITY PHARMACY,
Jackson, Cal.

LOCAL NEWS

Pioneer flour is the best; have no other.

A commotion was created on Main street Sunday evening by a runaway. The horse of F. Cademartori, which was standing in front of Mrs Cuneo's store, waiting for goods, started at a lively clip for home. Everyone thought from the gait that the vehicle would be knocked to matchwood. But the animal was thoroughly acquainted with the road, and managed to turn all the corners like an expert, and brought up at home without the slightest damage.

Mrs Pierce, mother of Mrs Dr. Phillips of this city, died in Berkeley on Tuesday of last week of heart disease. The deceased was a visitor in Jackson some time back, and was greatly esteemed by all who knew her.

The scarcity of school teachers was never more acutely felt than now. Amador county is short about six. There are that many schools that have not engaged teachers for the coming term. The same scarcity prevails all over the state. The school superintendent is receiving inquiries from different points asking if there are any teachers to be had. Amador at the same time is calling for help from other counties. The dearth of schoolmarms is assuming a serious aspect. It is thought that the only solution is a raise in the salary schedule. Amador, paying the lowest salary for schoolteachers, naturally the drift of teachers is outward rather than inward.

John Trevaskis, employed at the Kennedy, left with his family yesterday morning for Sacramento, on a vacation of two or three weeks, for the benefit of his health.

Mrs Rose Podesta left Saturday morning for Santa Cruz for a vacation.

Mrs Chas. Corin was over from Camp Seco early this week, and returned home Tuesday, accompanied by Miss Eva Chinn, who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs Bodinnar, in Amaodr City for the past six weeks.

Mrs E. V. Zumbiel returned home Saturday evening after an absence of three months in the east, visiitng relatives in Ohio, Kentucky and Illinois.

John Greenhalgh, brother of school superintendent Greenhalgh, started last Monday from Seattle for the Copper river country in Alaska, 200 miles above Valdez. Rich gold mines are reported in that country.

Ed. Trevaskis, who was hurt in the Kennedy mill last week by a car loaded with sulphurets running over his leg, is getting along nicely, but it will be a month yet before he will be able to return to work.

"Western Assay Co.: Gold or Silver Assay $1. Accuracy guaranteed. Ore mailing furnished on application. Lewis E. Spear, Mg'r., 18 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, Cal."

Notice to creditors in the bankruptcy case of J. McCutchen appears in this issue. The meeting will be held in Sacramento September 7, after which matters will move rapidly toward a settlement of the matter.

Jack Traverso, an employe of the Kennedy mine, was caught in a machine Tuesday, suffering a severe laceration of the right arm from the elbow to the wrist.

Mrs J. H. Turner and two children left yesterday morning for Sierra City, Sierra county, to visit with relatives there for two or three weeks.

Furniture for sale. Call next to court house, Mrs M. Newman. au16-2t

Robt. L. Love came up from Oakland Tuesday evening, called here on account of the illness of his sister, May Love. She has been in poor health for several years, and under treatment in sanitariums in San Francisco and elsewhere, without permanent relief. The attending physician recommends that a critical operation is likely to give relief. Her brother came home for the purpose of making arrangements therefor.

E. S. Petois and son, Wihtney, returned from Sacramento last Tuesday, after a four days' trip. He vistied his son George, who is a fireman for the S. P. Co., and doing well. He stopped at Forest Home over night with his son Julius, who is working at the copper mine and incidentally, Julius with Roy Gritz are running a skating rink at that place.

Mrs E. S. Petois' neice, Miss Nora Fields, came from Sacramento on a two weeks' visit with her cousins, Pearl and Violet Petois. Miss Fields has been employed for the last two years in the mail order department of Weinstock, Lubin & Co. She is taking her yearly vacation.

E. S. Pitois while in Sacramento, visited his sister, Mrs J. W. Gilbert, who is very sick with malaria fever. She is slightly on the improve.

Fresh stock of wall paper, complete line, all new designs at V. Giovannoni & Co.

Miss Vannie McLaughlin, who has been spending a vacaton of three months with her relatives in this county, left Tuesday morning for Alaska, where she will resume her duties as school teacher.

T. K. Norman and party returned from their mountain trip Monday night. The party consisted of Mr and Mrs Norman, Misses Mamie and Elsie Norman and Mrs Norman. They were gone 28 days. They camped on the Ells range 1¼ miles from Bear river. They thoroughly enjoyed the outing. Tom Norman shot a large seven-pronged buck, and there was plenty of fish in the creek. He reports lots of bear tracks in that locality, John Ellis recently killed a bear weighing 400 pounds. He ran across him in the woods and shot him.

J. F. Wilson. Dentist. Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Phone—Office, black 144; residence, Black 394; Jackson.

PIONEER FLOUR always has been and still is the best.

Peter John Sorocco, son of Carlo Soracco, died in Sutter Creek on Friday last, of consumption. The funeral was conducted on Sunday, many from Jackson and other towns attending.

Having received a large consignment of extra choice olives, 75c per gal, or 20c qt. Call and try them. V. Giovannoni & Co.

James Smallfield, an employe of the Kennedy, had the skin stripped from the first finger of his left hand on Tuesday morning. A heavy piece of iron crushed his hand against the wall, stripping the flesh off the knuckle clean to the bone. The wound is very painful, and will necessitate a lay-off for two or three weeks at least.

Arthur Harris, who has been employed at the Zeila, left Monday for Sacramento, expecting to go to work there.

When you wish the finest flavored coffees and teas, remember that W. J. Nettle keeps only the best.

Roma Spagnoli left Sunday morning for San Francisco, to commence the second year in the high school. Her father, D. B. Spagnoli, went to the city at the same time on business. He expects to be away a week or more.

Willam May, for a number of years a resident of this town, was here for several days last week, for the purpose of disposing of his residence property in Newmanville. He is now employed by the United Railroads in San Francisco.

L. J. Glavinovich left Thursday morning for Point Richmond for a few days visit with relatives.

On Tuesday some boys at Newmanville started a fire in the hog ranch of John Strohm, beyond Piccardo's, for the purpose of smoking out a swarm of bees. After leaving the smouldering embers, it is supposed that a gust of wind scattered them so as to set fire to the grass. The flames burned over considerable space, but prompt and plentiful help managed to arrest the same before doing a great deal of harm. No building was damaged, although a cabin had a close call.

LaGrande, a brother-in-law of Mrs Ledoux, who is under sentence of death in Stockton for the murder of McVicker, was sentenced to 2½ years in the state prison for embezzlement, on a plea of guilty before the superior court of San Joaquin.

Miss Caroline Rocco died Tuesday afternoon, at the residence of her niece, Mrs Donovan, near the National hotel, after a long sickness incident to old age. She was a sister of the late Frank Rocco, a pioneer settler of this town. Deceased had lived here since 1863. She was a native of Italy, aged about 85.

District Attorney Keith and Antone Caminetti, a prominent Amador county lawyer, were here Tuesday looking up evidence in the Evere't case. While here, in company with surveyor Reddick of San Andreas, they visited the Leavitt Ranch, at which place the alleged crime is said to have been committed.—Calaveras Chronicle.

Mrs F. B. LeMoin returned last Saturday from a two months' visit with relatives in Toledo, Ohio.

R. W. Ketcham was in Jackson Wednesday, with a party of capitalists from Lodi. He had accompanied them on a visit to his quartz mine, the Onondago, in Plymouth district, and came through this city on their way home. It is hoped they will take hold of this promising prospect, and proceed to develop it.

Rev. F. P. Flegal of Ione was in Jackson yesterday.

Rev. Winning lectured in Plymouth last Tuesday evening for the Methodist church. His theme was "Uncle Sam's Sandwiches, or home life in Hawaii."

The middle fork of Jackson creek is being flushed to-day with several hundred inches of water continued for several hours.

TRAGEDY AT AMADOR CITY.

A Deserted Woman Kills Her Paramour While Asleep.

A terrible tragedy occurred in an Austrian boarding house at Amador City at an early hour Monday morning. The manslayer is a young woman, an Austrian, named Marie Clavich, and her victim a young man, also a native of Austria, named Martin Yojetich. Both were comparative strangers in Amador county. The deceased had been in Amador City about six weeks, and the woman only three days.

Back of this homicide there is a story of matrimonial infelicity, elopment, and subsequent desertion, that is truly deplorable, creating in the public mind a good deal of sympathy for the woman now lodged in the county jail with the charge of murder against her.

It seems that Marie Petrack left her native land about eighteen months ago, and soon after reaching this country proceeded to Los Angeles. Shortly thereafter she met in that city a young man named Clavich. Whether the pair had met before coming to this country we know not. At any rate an attachment grew up between them shortly after the lady's arrival in the southern city, resulting in a wedding about nineteen days after she got there. The husband worked at common labor. A bone of discord speedily appeared to jar the matrimonial life. Martin Yojetich became a boarder or roomer at the same house. The story goes that her husband did not treat her kindly. This is simply a one-sided statement, and given to excuse subsequent movements. Four months after her wedding, Mrs Clavich eloped with Yojetich, and fled to Oakland. There the pair lived together for ten months, according to the woman's story. The deserted husband it is said advertised in the papers to discover the whereabouts of his wife, without result. Mrs Clavich says she worked in Oakland at cleaning Pullman cars at $1.75 per day, and continued this work until she was no longer able to do so, on account of approaching maternity. Provided with money from her earnings, about $100 she says, Yojetich once visited Los Angeles to see a relative, which he never repaid.

Some six weeks ago, Yojetich, probably tiring of the woman, and in the face of her delicate condition, determined to get rid of her. He made his way to Amador county, and applied for and secured work at the Keystone mine. He is said to have left Oakland the 11th of July. The deserted woman was at length apprised of his whereabouts by a friend at Amador City. She resolved to follow him. She arrived in Amador City last Friday evening, and hired a room at the Imperial hotel, only a few steps from the boarding house where her paramour was stopping.

That same evening she met Yojetich near the boarding house. She wanted him to provide for her, at least to see her through her trouble. Current rumor is that she demanded that he marry her, but this is hardly probable, as it does not appear that she had been divorced; at any rate the statutory limit of one year had not and could not have elapsed from the decree of divorce. She carried with her a small handbag. In this was a pistol which she had brought from Oakland. It belonged to Yojetich. He left it when he fled to escape her. It was a five-shooter. Whether she told him that she carried the weapon, we do not know. But she admits that she told if he did not support her, she would kill him. She says a struggle ensued on their first meeting, that he threw her down, and took the pistol away and fired one shot in the air. He afterwards restored the weapon to her. They met several times between Friday and Monday, but he seems to have been unyielding in refusing to listen to her claims.

Sunday he went to work on night shift at the mine. He got through at three o'clock. Before going to his room at the boarding house he called at Mrs Clarich's room at the hotel, for the purpose, she says, of getting her to leave town. She again entreated him to provide for her and the unborn child, and gave vent to tears in so doing. He is said to have laughed at her distress, and said he had other women and babies, and left. He proceeded to his room, went to bed and was soon asleep. It must have been about 5 o'clock when he reached his room. The woman was now desperate, without friends or even means to pay for her room.

The Shooting.

She must have started to dress immediately after he left, resolved upon her course. It was about 6 o'clock when she appeared at the deceased's boarding house. She knew the room he occupied, and the way to it. She entered by the rear door. No one saw her enter, those who were up at the time being in the basement. The door of his room was unlocked. She entered. He was in bed asleep. She approached close to the bed, and without uttering a word fired three shots in rapid succession, at close range. Each shot took effect in the head, the bullets entering near the left eye. She left the room immediately after the shooting, not even waiting to see the effect.

Death must have been almost instantaneous. Seemingly without a movement he passed out of the sleep of restoration to the sleep of death.

When found by the sheriff two hours after the killing, he was lying on his back, his hands across his breast. The body had not been disturbed. Only one man on the place saw her, as she was leaving the premises, also by the rear door. The three pistol shots were heard by the occupant of the adjoining room.

After committing the deed, she went to the boarding house of Antone Buzolich, several hundred yards south of the scene of the tragedy, and told parties there that she had shot Yojetich.

Sheriff Gregory took her into custody at her room in the hotel. She was eating an apple at the time, and apparently was unconcerned. The excitement and tension that had nerved her to the dernier resort had not yet disappeared. She quietly asked the officer, "Did you see my fellow?" When answered in the affirmative, she asked, "Is he dead?" When told that he was, she betrayed a little emotion, evidenced by a choking of the voice.

The sheriff found the pistol in the defendant's room. Four chambers were empty; one was still loaded. He took it into his possession as evidence in the case. It is probable that the weapon had not been reloaded from the time she first met deceased in Amador county.

She was brought to Jackson, and lodged in the county jail. She reveals little compunction for her act. In the afternoon she wept bitterly. Public sympathy is strongly on her side. She is about 22 years of age, and but slightly acquainted with the English language. The victim was apparently about 25 years old.

Drs. Endicott and Gall went to Amador City Monday afternoon and held an autopsy on the body. The coroner's inquest was held Tuesday afternoon by H. E. Potter.

The coroner's jury, after hearing the evidence, found a verdict that deceased came to his death from pistol shot wounds inflicted by Mrs Marie Clavich.

The preliminary examination will be held in a few days. If a trial is had, it seems the intention to press it to a termination as soon as possible.

When coming up on the train Friday the woman revealed her trouble to several passengers; said that the man she was seeking had taken her money, and that she was resolved on revenge, if he failed to pay her back, or do something for her. It is reported that the deceased was a married man, and left a wife and child in his native land.

Use Pioneer flour, and you will call for no other brand.

Improved Flour Process.

The Amador County Roller-Flour Mills at Ione have recently installed a new process, known as the Plansifter method, under the direction of Mr H. Schmidt, who for nine years was head miller at these mills. He has returned to again take charge, after an absence of five years. During his absence he has had opportunities to study up the various processes and form an intelligent opinion as to the most practicable and suitable process to introduce here. He has come to the conclusion that the Plansifter method is by all odds the one to raise the standard of flour, and has moreover introduced other improvements, by which a vastly superior article is now being produced. The company is now offering a flour that cannot be excelled by any brand on this coast. Let every family try the Ione flour. One trial is all that is asked. Once tried the user will want no other, and all things being equal loyalty to one's home demands the support of home industries.

The Ladies' Aid Society assisted by the New Idea Club, will serve a dinner on Admission Day in the I. O. O. F. hall. Public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Fatal Illness Comes While On Outing.

Fred Easton Gordon, a well known young man of East Oakland, died Thursday, August 15, at Fabiola hospital, Oakland, Cal., whither he had been taken to be operated upon for appendicitis. While spending the summer at Los Gatos, trying to regain his health before resuming his school work, he was stricken with the fatal malady. Removing him to Oakland as soon as possible, Dr. E. V. Tiffany operated upon him, and though he rallied from the operation,—hopes being entertained of a complete recovery -other complications set in, causing his death twelve days later.

Fred was the only child of H. P. Gordon, a well known mining man, formerly of Plymouth, and Mary J. Gordon, daughter of Mrs T. W. Easton, one of the old time residents of Amador county. He was born at Plymouth, October 26, 1885, but the last eleven years were spent at Oakland, having graduated from the Oakland high school last January. He was a prominent member of the Century Athletic Club, which numbers among its members several of the best athletics around the bay.

The funeral services were held at the family residence, 1467 Irving avenue, East Oakland, from whence the remains were taken to the Oakland Crematory. Floral pieces,—almost hiding the casket from view, attested to the esteem in which he was held.

An ambitious young man of irreproachable character; a loving and devoted son, he leaves a sorrowing father and mother, besides other relatives and sympathetic friends to mourn his early death.

Dr. E. L. Phillips office is at his residence, on Hamilton tract, opposite California hotel.

Pleasure Trip to Honolulu.

Mr and Mrs B. F. Taylor started Wednesday on a tour to the Hawaiian islands. They expect to be away one month. The sea voyage will take six days each way, leaving them a couple of weeks to visit the many points of interest in Honolulu and adjacent islands. They expect to take the steamer for the islands next Saturday. Frank Taylor will take charge of the Zeila mill until his father's return.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SUPERIOR COURT.

HON. R. C. RUST, JUDGE.

New Cases.

Morris Brinn vs. John H. Spring.—Plaintiff sues to recover the sum of $1487.37, for goods sold and delivered. And for a second cause of action the complaint alleges that the defendant is indebted to R. O. McKean in the sum of $1913.40, for goods and material furnished; that $1138.58 has been paid thereon, leaving a balance of $774.82. This claim has been assigned to plaintiff. Judgment is asked for $2268.19 and costs. W. G. Snyder is attorney for plaintiff.

Chas G. Kuhlman vs. Nixon Placer Mining Co.—Suit to foreclose a mortgage given to secure the payment of a note dated September 5, 1903, for the sum of $2500, with interest at one per cent per month. No part of principal or interest has been paid. The mortgaged premises consist of 162 acres of land in sections 3 and 4, township 6 range 11. The complaint asks that a receiver be appointed to take possession of the property and collect rents, etc. Lynch & Drury of San Francisco are attorneys for plaintiff.

Estate of John Waters.—Lillie E. Williams petitions for letters of administration. Deceased died June 5, 1907, leaving personal property valued at $1600, and real estate valued at $3500. The heirs are: Mary R. Waters, widow; William J. Waters and Fred T. Waters, sons of decedent, and the petitioner, a daughter of deceased.

Estate of Ellen M. Maison.—Deceased died near Drytown August 5, last. The estate consists of personal property valued at $3033.20, and real estate estimated at $5300, consisting of lands in sections 27 and 28 township 7 range 10. The deceased left a will. The heirs are Harriet Dennis of San Luis Obispo, Mrs Nellie Lemoin of Lodi; Minnie Blakeley of Drytown, and Alice Patterson of Jackson, all daughters of deceased. The last named petitions for letters with the will annexed.

Birthday Party.

A birthday party was given last Sunday evening to Mrs Abramofsky at the residence of Mrs Rosa Ffoelich on Broadway in honor of her 71st birthday. Ice cream, cake and other delicacies were plentifully provided for the guests. The gathering was a very pleasant one, and broke up after ten o'clock. Those present were, Mrs Strohm, Mrs D. Mattley, Mrs Langhorst, Mrs Holtz, Mrs Stasal, Mrs Opie Harper, Mrs A. Hartwick, Mrs Rosa Froelich, Miss Margaret Stasal, Miss Rosa Stasal, Miss Marie Weller, Miss Rowena Anthony and Mrs Abramofsky.

Diphtheria.

A fatal case of diphtheria occurred in Sutter Creek Sunday morning, the victim being the 8-year old son of Frank Quirolo. The father is now under treatment for the same dread complaint.

The case is a peculiarly sad one. It seems Verne—for that was the victim's name—in company with other boys, went bathing in an old reservoir on the Friday before he was taken sick, that is August 9. The water was in a stagnant condition. Some are inclined to think that bathing in this reservoir had something to do with the sickness. Anyhow, the following day he began to complain of soreness of the throat. It gradually became worse. He kept about as usual, almost to the last. The disease made him incapable of swallowing or taking nourishment, and this had much to do with the fatal termination. It was not thought to be a case of diphtheria until the end was near. John Quirolo, of Jackson, was over Sunday, but was not allowed to enter, as the premises were quarantined, and the malady had been pronouced diphtheria.

At last accounts Mrs Quirolo, the mother of the deceased, was also sick, the symptoms indicating diphtheria.

A case is also reported in the family of John Ross, in the same town.

Two of Mrs Thompson's children are suffering from diphtheria at Hunts gulch. Quarantine was established thereWednesday. They are mild cases and everything points to a speedy recovery. The child had just got over an attack of scarlet fever.

The Debt is Paid.

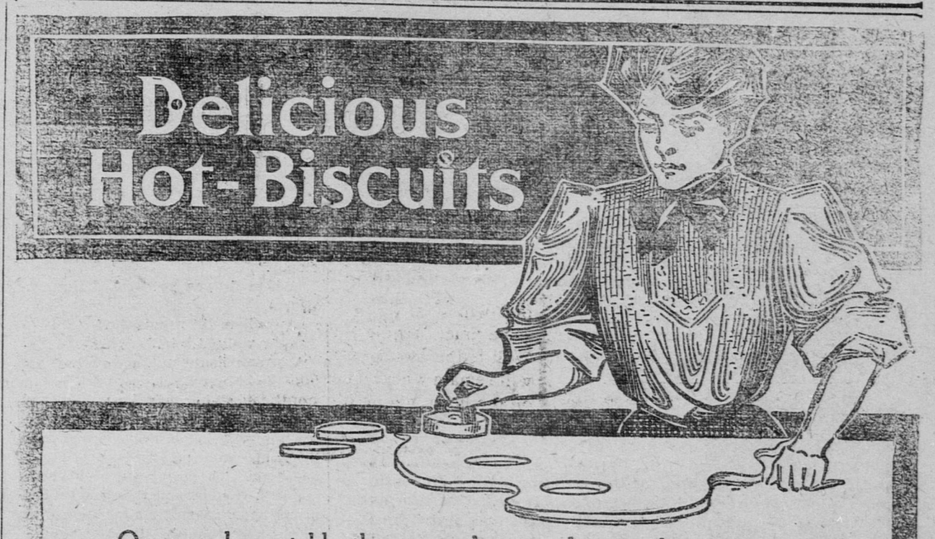
Our Methodist friends have since the re-building of their church under the pastorate of Dr. J. W. Phelps, been growing under a most embarassing debt. After paying some $200 interest, the present pastor backed by his united church determined to liquidate the $1250 of interest bearing debt. The pastor solicited the contribution commencing his work in April—the subscriptions not being binding or payable unless 1200 was subscribed. All was subscribed and all has been collected save $1.50. Last Sunday evening after an appropriate sermon by Rev. C. E. Winning, the "documentary remains" of the old debt in the form of a cancelled mortgage was burned before a large and enthusiastic congregation, and while the smoke like incense arose to heaven the people sang, "Praise God from whom all blessings flow."

It was a memorable day not only for the Methodist church, but for our community, and it is to be hoped that the historic church now free from any incumberance will be so officered that the curse of debt may never again be allowed to embarass its work. Rev. Winning has been tireless in his efforts to free the church, and his work is highly esteemed by his people.

Unclaimed Letters.

In Jackson postoffice August 23, 1907.

Pietro Antognoli, Lorenzo Cabodi, Antonio Calusetti, Miss Alma Clark, Jackson Gates, J. L. Maloy, Obren Mijovich, Giuseppe Orzi, Pero Petrusich, John Petrusich, Henry Schacht, Domenico Tinetti, Sara Ysaac.—Frank H. Duden, postmaster.



On every home table there may be served every day a plate of pure, healthful, delicious hot-biscuits by following the "CLEVELAND" Cook.
There is no economy in saving a few cents by using Alum Baking Powders. The cheap alum baking powders work sure injury to the health.
Enjoy the purest of home cooking by using

CLEVELAND'S SUPERIOR BAKING POWDER

Made from a *Superior* grade of Pure Cream of Tartar.

DOCUMENTS RECORDED.

The following instruments have been filed for record in the recorder's office since our last report. We publish a complete list of documents recorded, and must decline to accede to any request to suppress any document from these columns. Don't ask us to do so

Deed.—E. W. Wilson to W. H. Smith, 40 acres 35-8-10, $1.

Power of attorney.—Sophie J. Morphy to William J. Morphy, general power of attorney.

Lis Pendens.—Chas G. Kuhlman vs. Nixon Placer Mining Company, notice of foreclosure suit.

Satisfaction of Mortgage.—Bank of Amador county to M. E. Church, Jackson.

Location.—Jordan James, James quartz mine, in 4-6-12.

Attachment.—Joseph Woolford vs. John Bulorovich.—Demand $150.

BASEBALL.

A ball game was played last Sunday on the athletic club grounds beyond the Zeila mine, between the Jackson social and athletic club nine and a team from Ione. The boys won an easy victory. The score was as follows:

Jackson.	ab	r	bh	sb	po	a	e
R Fortner, c.	5	2	2	2	8	2	0
Thomas, 1st p.	5	3	2	1	7	1	1
Vela, c. f.	5	1	1	0	3	0	0
Lagomarsino, r f	4	1	1	1	1	0	0
Connors, l. f.	5	1	4	2	0	0	0
Bradshaw, s. s.	4	0	0	1	2	2	0
Tam, 2nd b.	4	0	0	0	4	3	3
W Fortner, 3rd b.	3	1	0	0	1	2	2
Arditto, p.	4	0	0	0	1	2	1
Totals	39	9	10	7	27	12	7

Ione.	ab	r	bh	sb	po	a	e
Goodding, 3rd b.	5	1	1	1	0	1	0
Heffren, c. f.	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Frates, 2nd b.	3	0	0	0	1	1	0
Bagley, s. s.	4	0	0	1	0	3	1
Burris, 1st b.	4	0	2	1	11	0	2
Leach, l. f.	5	0	1	2	1	0	0
Miller, p.	4	0	0	0	1	7	2
Miner, c	4	0	1	0	9	1	1
Harris, r. f.	3	1	1	1	1	0	0
Totals	37	2	6	6	24	13	6

Summary.

Three-base-hits—Thomas, Lagomarsino. Two-base-hits — R. Fortner. Base on balls—Off Arditto 4, Miller 2. Struck out—By Arditto 8, by Miller 10. Left on bases—Jackson 9, Ione 12. Passed balls—Miner 3. Hit by pitcher—Frates 2, Lagomarsino, W Fortner. Time of game—2 hours. Umpire—W. Stewart. Scorer—R. W. Scott.

Runs and Hits by Innings.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Jackson	1	1	1	0	0	0	3	3		—9
Hits	2	1	1	1	1	0	2	2		—10
Ione	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—2
Hits	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	—6

Dr. C. H. Gibbons, who several years ago was a practicing physician and surgeon here, but who has been in Alaska of late years, returned to Jackson last evening, and is thinking of again locating here in the practice of his profession. Last year he spent several months in the eastern states, lecturing on Alaska, and also attending the hospitals and colleges in Boston and other large cities to study the up-to-date methods in medicine and surgery. He leaves to-morrow for San Francisco, but expects to return in about a week, and locate here permanently.

Wedded in San Rafael

Miss Lenore Stewart, a charming and accomplished young lady, well-known in Amador county, and especially in Sutter Creek, was married in San Rafael on Thursday, August 15, to Dr. Wilfred B. Chambers of San Francisco. The bride is a daughter of Mrs J. W. Gothie, formerly of Jackson, but now of Vallejo. Miss Stewart for the past five years had charge of Show's Cash store, and such was the confidence reposed in her judgment that she was intrusted in a great measure with ordering goods, keeping books, as well as waiting on customers. By her gentle and pleasing manner she made many friends during her residence in our sister town, as it was her delight to please all. On the eve of her departure she was given a farewell party in token of the esteem in which she was held by all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance. Miss Stewart's father, the late Robert Stewart of Volcano, was a well known mining man, and possessed of considerable means at one time. He filled the office of supervisor of his district for four terms, and also represented Amador county in the legislature and filled the office of deputy county clerk.

The groom Dr. Wilfred B. Chambers, is a young man far above the average in ability and educational attainments. He is at present resident physician at the city and county hospital of San Francisco, and a man of means. The newly married pair will make their home in San Francisco.

Miss Alice Stewart, a sister of the bride, and a graduate nurse of the city and county hospital of San Francisco was married six months ago to Dr. F. B. Tapley of Marysville, who has a large and lucrative practice in that city.

Applies for Citizenship.

Pietro Polla, a native of Italy, has filed his petition in the superior court, praying to be admitted to full citizenship. He is a resident of Sutter Creek, and came to this country March 17, 1920, landing in New York. The witnesses named to prove residence, etc., are Domenico Berta, and William Tam. The case is set for hearing October 26, 1906.

Sweeping Brush Fire.

Last Saturday, shortly after noon, a fire broke out in the dense grease woods on the ranch of J. Q. Horton. How it started no one knows. The fire raged Sunday and Monday, burning over between 3000 and 4000 acres, destroying a large quantity of pasture, as well as a lot of brush land. The owners of the lands fire-swept are: J. Q. Horton, J. H. Ringer, R. E. Horton, W. D. Dufrene, W. W. Plummer, George Ellis, George Yager. No buildings were destroyed. The principal loss is in the dry feed, as the land was used almost exclusively for grazing, and the stockmen will have to find other pasturage. The clearing of the brush land will prove a benefit eventually.

Ledger & Chicago Inter-Ocean, $2.50

City Trustees Meeting.

Board met pursuant to adjournment on August 16, all members present.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

The certificate of appointment of G. M. Huberty as city marshal and ex-official license and tax collector was read and filed with the clerk.

The bonds of G. M. Huberty as city marshal and ex-official tax and license collector, and also bond as pound master were read and approved by a unanimous vote of the board. The clerk was instructed to have the bonds of G. M. Huberty and the field notes of official survey of the exterior boundaries of the city of Jackson, and also the official map of South avenue filed with the county recorder.

Moved that the tax rate for 1907-1908 be 70c on each $100 as follows:

General fund	.55
Bridge "	.05
Library "	.10
	70 cts.

Ayes: Kirkwood, Tam, Leam.
Noes: Penry.

On the same day the following business was transacted as a board of equalization:

Petition of Pacific Tel. & Tel. Co., to reduce the assessment on 200 telephones from $10 to $5 per phone was read. E. R. Gardner appeared in behalf of the company, and gave reasons why the reduction should be made.

Moved by Tam that the assessment on the Zeila and Blue Jacket claims be reduced from $30,000 to $20,000.

Moved by Kirkwood seconded by Leam that the application of the Zeila mine for reduction be denied. Carried.

On motion by Penry seconded by Leam, the assessment of the Pacific Tel. & Tel. Co., was reduced on 200 phones from $10 to $7.50 per phone.

On motion duly made and carried the assessment roll was accepted as equalized by the board of equalization.

Death of a Former Pastor.

Rev. James Williams, a former pastor for three years of the Jackson M. E. church, died last Wednesday at the residence of his son, W. S. Williams, former school teacher here, in Ione. He had been in feeble health for several years, afflicted with softening of the brain, incapacitating him from active work. He was a genial, whole-souled man, well-liked and honored by all who knew him. The funeral took place in Vallejo, where his wife was buried several years ago.

Garden hose, lawn sprinklers, lawn mowers, rakes, hoes and spads, in fact everything needed for lawn or garden at V. Giovannoni & Co.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

WE CARRY THE
BEST LINE OF SHOES
Ever made. We order from the factory. The
Utz & Dunn Shoes for Ladies & Children.
The Walk-Over & Napa Tan for Men & Boys.
We also carry a full line of
Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, & Fancy Silks.
SHOW'S CASH STORE
SUTTER CREEK.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

The Farmer's Wife

Is very careful about her churn. She scalds it thoroughly after using, and gives it a sun bath to sweeten it. She knows that if her churn is sour it will taint the butter that is made in it. The stomach is a churn. In the stomach and digestive and nutritive tracts are performed processes which are almost exactly like the churning of butter. Is it not apparent then that if this stomach-churn is foul it makes foul all which is put into it?

The evil of a foul stomach is not alone the bad taste in the mouth and the foul breath caused by it, but the corruption of the pure current of blood and the dissemination of disease throughout the body. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes the sour and foul stomach sweet. It does for the stomach what the washing and sun bath do for the churn—absolutely removes every tainting or corrupting element. In this way it cures blotches, pimples, eruptions, scrofulous swellings, sores, or open eating ulcers and all humors or diseases arising from bad blood.

If you have bitter, nasty, foul taste in your mouth, coated tongue, foul breath, are weak and easily tired, feel depressed and despondent, have frequent headaches, dizzy attacks, gnawing or distress in stomach, constipated or irregular bowels, sour or bitter risings after eating and poor appetite, these symptoms, or any considerable number of them, indicate that you are suffering from biliousness, torpid or lazy liver with the usual accompanying indigestion, or dyspepsia and their attendant derangements.

The best agents known to medical science for the cure of the above symptoms and conditions, as attested by the writings of leading teachers and practitioners of all the several schools of medical practice, have been skillfully and harmoniously combined in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. That this is absolutely true will be readily proven to your satisfaction if you will but mail a postal card request to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a *free* copy of his booklet of extracts from the standard medical authorities, giving the names of all the ingredients entering into his world-famed medicines and showing what the most eminent medical men of the age say of them.

It Pays to Advertise.

A theatrical manager was holding forth on the value of publicity the other day and pointed his moral with this:

"When the teacher was absent from the schoolroom, Billy, the mischievous boy of the class, wrote on the blackboard:

"'Billy Jones can hug the girls better than any boy in school.'

"Upon her return the teacher called him up to her desk.

"'William, did you write that?' she asked, pointing to the blackboard.

"'Yes, ma'am,' said Billy.

"'Well, you may stay after school,' said she, 'as punishment.'

"The other pupils waited for Billy to come out, and then they began guying him.

"'Got a licking, didn't you?'

"'Nope,' said Billy.

"'Got jawed?'

"'Nope.'

"'What did she do?' they asked.

"'Shan't tell,' said Billy, 'but it pays to advertise.'"—Des Moines Register and Leader.

A Peculiarity of Criminals.

Policemen, in spite of their trouble in solving what appear to be more or less simple problems, are fond of asserting that the ordinary criminal betrays an amazing lack or originality. In support of this they point out that when a criminal is arrested after doing one "stretch" the second charge against him is generally for the same sort of crime. They explain this by saying that each failure or each loss shows the "crook" some point of which he had been ignorant, and it is easy for him to convince himself that next time he will avoid that mistake and be successful. When he fails and is arrested the law shows him just where he bungled, and the gambler's love of taking a chance urges him to try his luck at the old game once more. Then there is also always to be considered the unconscious and "gritty" determination to make a success of the thing anyhow.—New York Tribune.

British Army's First Trousers.

Perhaps the army revolution of deepest interest to the soldier himself was that effected in 1823, when for the first time he was put in trousers. The announcement from the horse guards took the following remarkable form: "His majesty has been pleased to approve of the discontinuance of breeches, leggings and shoes as part of the clothing of the infantry soldiers and of blue gray cloth trousers and half boots being substituted." In order to indemnify the "clothing colonels" for any hardship which the new order might cause it was decided that these gentlemen should no longer be called upon to provide the waistcoat of Tommy, but that Tommy should himself supply it out of his shilling a day. To reassure him it was pointed out that he was in a position to do so with comfort, because he would no longer have to buy gaiters.—London Chronicle.

HIS FIANCEE'S RELATIVE.

[Original.]

"Hey, cabman! Hold on!"

"I've got a fare, sir," pulling up.

"What is it?" asked a gentleman from inside the cab.

"The rain is spoiling my uniform," said the man who had called the cab from the curb of a street in Berlin. "I can't hire a conveyance for love or money."

"Where do you go?" asked the gentleman.

"Anywhere till you alight."

"Very well; step in."

A young lieutenant of artillery got into the cab and sat down beside the gentleman, who was quite old and whose civilian's clothes and quiet demeanor were in marked contrast with the lieutenant's uniform and self confident air. The latter had been lunching with friends, and the wine he had drunk had imparted a rosy hue to his cheeks and stimulated his tongue.

"Well, well, my venerable friend," he said gayly, "I'm in luck, and you are very good to let me in your cab. I have an engagement to meet a young lady. I don't mind telling you—you who have been so good to me—that she is my fiancee. How would I look going into her presence all bedraggled? And she a relative of one of the first men in the empire."

"Whom would you call one of the first men in the empire?" asked the old gentleman.

"That would be telling a stranger the name of the lady to whom I am engaged. However, you may guess."

"A member of the reichstag?" was the first guess.

"A bigger man than that."

"A colonel in the army?"

"A great deal bigger man than a colonel, but I will admit he is a soldier."

The gentleman guessed a number of generals, going higher and higher with each guess. Not having guessed aright, he gave it up.

"But you have not guessed high enough. There is one still higher than all, the commander in chief."

"I thought you said he was one of the first men in the empire."

"I should call Field Marshal von Moltke a pretty big man. He is a great man, one of the greatest who have ever lived."

"Yes, a very great man in the estimation of the people. But if he should lose a battle those who hurrah for him loudest would decry him loudest. It's hero worship."

"My friend, if the law of leze majesty were applicable to him I would report you. I have a good mind to do so any way. Who are you to speak so disrespectfully of the man next in importance to the emperor?"

"I have guessed to whom your fiancee is related. Suppose you guess who I am."

"A merchant?"

"No."

"A lawyer?"

"No."

"Better than those?"

"I suppose so."

"You have a position in the government?"

"Yes."

"In what department?"

"The army."

This sobered the lieutenant, but not enough to prevent his guessing further.

"A retired colonel?"

"Higher rank than that."

"A general of brigade?"

"Higher."

The lieutenant guessed successively all ranks except general in chief, then said:

"You're fooling me."

"No. You have not guessed high enough."

"Nonsense. There only remains Field Marshal von Moltke."

At that moment the cab drew up at a house, and the gentleman got out, expressing himself pleased at having saved the young man's uniform and a bedraggled appearance before his fiancee. Then the cab was driven on.

The lieutenant, who believed the man had been chaffing him, thought no more about the matter and, having told the cabman where to take him, took a nap. Presently he was awakened by stopping before his fiancee's residence, got out, paid the cabman and sent him about other business. The next morning the lieutenant, who was on leave from his corps, stationed in the provinces, returned to his post.

When he again visited Berlin it was to be married. The ceremony had been performed, and the guests were seated at the wedding breakfast when a small, slight old man in uniform entered the room. Every guest rose at once except the groom. His bride pulled at his coat sleeve. He did not move, but sat with his eyes starting from their sockets and fixed on the approaching officer.

"For heaven's sake, Heinrich, what is it?" exclaimed the frightened bride. "Get up. It is the field marshal, my cousin's uncle."

"Gott im himmel!" gasped the groom. "It is the old man in the cab!"

The marshal advanced straight to the bride, kissed her and offered his hand to her husband, who by this time was standing straight as a ramrod and looking as if he expected to have his epaulets torn off and himself confined in a fortress for the rest of his natural life. But the old man pressed his hand, looking at him kindly, and said:

"Ach! You are the gentleman who paid me such high compliments. I hope you will have as high an appreciation for your wife as you have *for* the head of the army."

F. A. MITCHEL.

The Focus.

Three sons who had gone west to make their fortunes in cattle raising wrote home for an appropriate name to give their ranch. The reply, "Focus," did not seem especially suitable until the explanation was forthcoming, "The place where the sons raise meat."—Lippincott's.

The Possibility.

Stage Manager—Great snakes! Stop! Don't move that scene yet.

Supe—It's most time.

"Don't touch it. Juliet is there dead in the tomb. If you move that canvas it will let in a draft and she'll sneeze."—Kansas City Independent.

The lists of English authors and their works give the titles of over 800 poems and essays on "Solitude."

Sweetness.

He (sympathizing with his bride, who has just been stung)—How intelligent was that bee, my dear, to know that we're on our honeymoon!—Judy.

THE AIR BRAKE.

It Was Ushered Into Actual Use In Most Dramatic Fashion.

The air brake was ushered into actual use in most dramatic fashion. The trial trip occurred in April, 1869. The train selected was the Steubenville accommodation, running between Pittsburg and Steubenville, O.

When the train was going at full speed, suddenly as he came around a sharp curve the engineer saw a stalled wagon in the middle of the track dead ahead. With only hand brakes nothing could have prevented a terrible smashup. The formal time for the trial of the air brake had not come, but the brake was there, and in desperation, not believing for a moment that the thing could possibly avail, the engineer threw on the air. But it did avail.

The observers in the rear were almost catapulted out of their seats by the shock of the sudden stop. But when they saw the engine fairly poking its nose into the wagon bed, so narrow had been the margin between safety and disaster, they forgot all about their shock and stood in awed silence. The air brake had come into its own.—Everybody's Magazine.

Keyhold Tenure In London.

The curious custom of keyhold tenure still prevails at Crowland, the famous abbey town in the Lincolnshire fens, where there are a number of cottages which are neither copyhold, freehold nor leasehold. They were originally built on waste land, and in each case the possessor of the key holds an indisputed tenancy. Although some of the occupiers have replaced the mud and thatched dwellings of antiquity with brick and slated buildings, they have no power to sell or will them away, for they have no deeds. On a tenant dying the first person to cross the threshold takes his place if he so desires. Many devices have been resorted to to obtain the keys. The properties carry a county vote, but the poor law guardians always refuse to grant relief to the tenants.—London Globe.

A Vegetable Freak.

California has one tree which is the personification of mystery. Found nowhere else in the world, it had a mysterious origin and thrives in a region of mystery. The Mojava yucca is a vegetable freak which has developed into a species. It has the characteristics of several plants, to which no relationship can be traced. It is an endogen, yet its bark shows concentric rings such as characterize the exogenous stems. It lives and thrives in great numbers in a region nearly devoid of vegetation.—P. E. Magazine.

Elephants.

People who really know nothing about it used to say that elephants never lie down to sleep. This is not true at all, says one writer. They have been known to stand for twelve months without lying down to sleep. This is regarded as want of confidence in their keepers and of longing to regain their liberty, for when they are perfectly at ease and reconciled to their fate they will lie down on their sides and sleep peacefully.

A Flippant Jailbird.

"This confinement," said the long faced prison visitor, "must distress you greatly."

"Yes," replied the facetious convict, "I find the prison bars grating."

"Ah, life to you is a failure!"

"Yes; it's nothing but a cell."

Lazy.

Some friends were discussing an artist whose laziness was proverbial.

"He is so lazy," said one, "that he paints nothing but winter scenes to save himself the trouble of putting leaves on the trees."

The Seventh Time.

She—When I accepted Jack he said he felt as if he was in the seventh heaven. He—I can well believe it. He has been engaged six times before.—Fliegende Blatter.

Wonders of Chess.

Edwin Anthony in an article published in the Chess Players' Chronicle computed approximately that the number of ways of playing only the first ten moves on each side is 169,518,829,100,544,000,000,000,000,000.

The lists of English authors and their works give the titles of over 800 poems and essays on "Solitude."

Takes Them In.

Teacher—Have you looked up the meaning of the word "imbibes," Fanny? Fanny—Yes, ma'am. Teacher—Well, what does it mean? Fanny—To take in. Teacher—Yes. Now give a sentence using the word. Fanny—My aunt imbibes boarders.

THE SCHOONER.

Where the Fore and After Beats the Square Rigger.

The ability of the schooner to meet the requirements of present day conditions, while the square riggers have been found wanting, can be readily understood when we take into consideration the numerous advantages possessed by the fore and aft rig that are essential to the ideal carrier.

Operating expense, that prime factor in all transportation problems, is here reduced to a minimum, for there is no motive power so cheap as the free winds of heaven and no other craft so well adapted to utilize and control this force. The sails are of handy form and can be readily handled from the deck by a handful of men or with steam power if desired. The schooner can sail several points nearer the eye of the wind than a square rigger is able to do.

Built on the old clipper model, they sail like witches and owing to their peculiar constructions can be readily loaded and discharged. They require but little ballast and having no heavy top hamper can, if necessary to the trade, take on immense deck loads. In the lumber traffic of the Pacific northwest we find these vessels leaving port with huge deck loads towering ten to fifteen feet above the rail. Occasionally they get caught in a blow and have to sacrifice a portion of the deck load, but where one meets such a mishap dozens reach their designations safely and land their cargoes intact.—James G. McCurdy in Outing Magazine.

A GAME OF POKER.

It Was an Object Lesson on Playing Cards With Strangers.

A card sharp well known to the stewards of the great ocean liners was a passenger on a recent trip across. He received a line at Queenstown, which had the effect of keeping him out of the large games in the smoking room. He contented himself with penuchle and bridge at 25 cents a hundred points. On the evening before landing one of his bridge party, none of whom knew that he was a professional with a bad record, proposed changing the game to poker. "It's bad practice," said the card sharp, "to play poker with strangers. There's too much risk, but it's all right in this case." The others said there was no risk if a man had good sense and kept his eyes open. The deal fell to the professional, and when cards had been drawn by each man he said: "Now I'll show you how much you know. Mr. A, you have the winning hand. Mr. B, your three queens look good, but what show have they against Mr. C's four fives? And what good are they against A's four kings? Does it tally?"

It did, and A said, "Well, it's my pot."

"I was afraid that might happen, so I dealt myself a straight flush." He showed it, arose from his chair and said: "Give the steward what I put in. This was an object lesson—don't play poker with strangers."—New York Tribune.

The Barbecue.

The word "barbecue" is derived from the Spanish word "barbacao" and is a native Haitian term for a wooden framework supporting meat or fish to be smoked or dried over a fire. In its popular sense it means a large social or political entertainment in the open air at which sheep or oxen are roasted whole and all the feasting is on a most liberal scale. Georgia is probably the native home of the barbecue and is called the Barbecue State. Who prepared the first barbecue is unknown. Deer, bear and other game constituted the meat roasted in the barbecues of fifty years ago.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Butcher's Smock.

The butcher's smock was blue. It looked much neater than the white smocks of his friends, all smeared with dried blood. "Every butcher," said the man, "ought to wear a blue smock. Why? Because dry blood won't show on it. Dry blood turns bluish, and on a smock of this color it is invisible. I am descended from a long line of butchers, and from father to son the word has been passed down always to wear, for neatness' sake, a smock of blue."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Croutons.

To cut bread into dice before frying, if it is to be used as croutons, is not the most approved method. When done in this way it becomes very hard and indigestible. The bread should rather be cut into thin slices and then stamped out in circles a little larger than a quarter or cut into squares of about the same size or in oblongs two inches long and over one-half inch thick. These tossed into hot lard and taken out almost instantly in the frying basket are the most palatable.

Queer Marriages.

In southern India marriage with inanimate objects is not altogether unknown. A man who has lost two wives and wishes to marry another will go through a formal marriage ceremony with a plantain tree, which is afterward cut down. This stands for the third marriage, which is considered inauspicious, and the man feels free to make a fourth marriage with a third woman.

The Modern Version.

"I want my boy to be able to earn his own living."

"To earn it, Mr. Merrer?"

"Well, to get it."—Washington Herald.

Hypocrisy is the necessary burden of villainy.—Dr. Johnson.

The Minister's Text.

A little girl came home from church the other day and was asked what the minister's text was. "Don't be afraid, and I will get you a bedquilt," was the astonishing answer.

Investigation proved that the central thought of the sermon had been, "Fear not, and I will send you a comforter."—Technical World.

Only a Dream.

Wife—I dreamed last night that I was in a shop that was simply full of the loveliest bonnets, and— Husband (hastily)—But that was only a dream, my dear. Wife—I knew that before I woke up, because you bought one for me.

Kept a Good Table.

Brown—Keeps a good table, does she not? Robinson—Excellent. Solid oak. Has had it for years.—New York Tribune.

A NEW RIP VAN WINKLE

[Original.]

One morning Walter Van Winkle, a lineal descendant of the great Rip, awoke in the Catskills. The only difference between the first and the last Van Winkle was that the first slept twenty years, the last forty. Walter had gone to the mountains one summer with a party of young New York bank clerks, had got separated from the others and had taken a four decade nap.

Descending the mountain, he footed it to Catskill and was surprised to come upon a railway station. A train was pulling out, and he jumped aboard. The conductor on collecting his fare punched a printed slip and handed it to him.

"What's this?" asked Van Winkle.

"Excess fare."

"What'll I do with it?"

The conductor passed on without reply, and a passenger explained that the slip was a check on the conductor to guard against his stealing the fare collected. Van Winkle looked at his informant aghast.

"And the management makes spies of its conductors? And they submit to such a system?"

"Conductors and passengers are both the company's spies now."

Van Winkle gave a low whistle.

"Is this want of trusting to individual honor confined to railroads?"

"By no means. No one is trusted except the managers, and they are trying to beat one another."

"Is there no standard of honor?"

"No. Once a merchant who failed felt disgraced; now merchants fail in order to make money."

When Van Winkle reached New York he went to the banking house where he had been employed. It was now on the ground floor of a thirty story skyscraper. Of course he knew no one there, or, rather, no one knew him. So he wrote a note to the president, Richard Trimble, who had been a clerk with him forty years before and on the camping trip at which he had disappeared. Van Winkle was shown into the president's private office and received with suspicion. Not daring to give the Rip Van Winkle story, he said he had gone to see the world. He asked for a position, and there being a vacancy in a department where large sums were handled he was appointed. The salary was $800 a year.

"Eight hundred a year for guarding millions!" exclaimed Van Winkle.

"All that's changed, Walter. We don't need to rely on our employees' honesty now; we insure it."

"Insure it?"

"Yes. A company for a premium takes the risk."

"And do you mean, friend of my boyhood, to insure me?"

"As president of the bank I can't help doing so. It's a rule made by the directors."

"Then if I come in here to work for you I am at liberty to beat the bank if I can?"

"Certainly."

"Do you refrain from beating it because of your integrity?"

"I'd be a fool to beat it—illegally."

"I see."

"Sorry I can't do any better for you, Walter. You should have stuck to business as I have instead of roaming all over the world."

"Let me ask you one question, Dick."

"Go ahead."

"Are you an honest man?"

Trimble put his lips to Van Winkle's ear and whispered: "Only in small things, not in big ones; no petty larceny for me. This is between me and a friend of my boyhood."

"It's taken you years to learn to be dishonest. I've learned it in one day. I see it's become the fashion."

"You might as well wear a plug hat made of beaver as to be honest—that is, what we used to call honest."

"I see. When shall I go to work?"

"Tomorrow, if you like."

When Van Winkle appeared at the bank the next day he found a photographer there. President Trimble came out of his private office and said:

"You'll have to be photographed, Walter."

"What for?"

"Oh, the rule is to have a photograph of all our employees. They're easier caught if they light out with the funds of the bank."

"A sort of rogues' gallery?"

"It's for those who become rogues. Most concerns get their clerks together occasionally and photograph them in groups. Makes the boys feel their importance, and the concern has the gallery. But we don't stoop to that. We take a picture of every employee before he begins work."

"Is there any more of this sort of thing to learn?"

"Yes; one. You'll have two weeks' vacation during the year—two vacations of one week each at six months' interval."

"I don't want any vacation. I lost forty years by my last vacation."

"But you must take your vacation."

"Why so?"

"That we may have an opportunity to examine your accounts."

"Poor dog Trust's dead indeed!" remarked Van Winkle, with a sickly smile.

"Better dead than dying. Give me a community of honor or one of acknowledged roguery."

"Is there any community in America where our former standard still exists?"

"Not in commercial life."

"How about the army?"

"There's a good deal left there, I believe."

"Very well; I'll go there. I'm too old to enlist, but I can become a mule driver, and that's better than making money under the rogue system."

And he did. OSCAR COX.

An Old Time Alderman.

Several patrons of the restaurant at Broadway and Tenth street were lunching there a few days ago, seated at a table between the corner windows on the second floor which commanded a fine view down Broadway, which makes a sharp turn at Tenth street. Said one of them: "Do you know that this bend in Broadway was made in order to save a tree? Well, it was. As originally planned, Broadway would have cut a slice off the lawn of Hendrik Brevoort, who ran a tavern in the Dutch farmhouse which stood where Grace church now is. He was an alderman, like many of his profession today, and not only succeeded in saving the magnificent tree in the shade of which his customers lingered over their pipes to watch the traffic on Bloomingdale road, but about 1849 also prevented the opening of Eleventh street from Fourth avenue to Broadway, which would have necessitated the tearing down of his tavern."—New York Sun.

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Made From SELECTED WHEAT
Blended According to Our Own Formula
Producing Perfect Results and
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TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Sacramento, Calif., June 27, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, George Lucot, of Jackson, county of Amador, State of California, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1956, for the purchase of the southeast quarter of Section No. 18, in Township No. 7 N Range No. 13 E., M. D. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif. on Tuesday, the 10th day of September, 1907.

He names as witnesses: A. B. McLaughlin, E. D. Boydston, Edward Sauterfo and William Lagomarsino, all of Volcano, Calif.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 10th day of September, 1907.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.

First publication July 2, 1907

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